REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF COORG,

FOR THE YEAR

1880-81.

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Nil.

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Nil.

REPORT

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ADMINISTRATION OF COORG

FOR 1880—81.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

In consequence of the intimate relations which subsisted between the Administration of Coorg and Mysore, it was to be anticipated that the restoration of the latter State to Native rule would necessitate a change in the administration of Coorg. The restoration took place at the close of the year now reported on, and its effect upon the Coorg Administration is very small. The Mysore Commission having come to an end the local officers in Coorg have no longer any connection with that State; and the necessity of providing for the senior officers of the Commission has resulted in a change in the personnel of the Superintendent. That officer also becomes the Session Judge for Coorg, an office which had been held by one of the Commissioners of Divisions in Mysore. The 1st Assistant Superintendent too has now been made District Magistrate; but beyond these alterations there is no change but in name. The Chief Commissioner of Mysore has become Resident in Mysore, but he has retained his office of Chief Commissioner of Coorg, and the Assistant to the Resident is his Secretary for Coorg.

2. These changes, small as they are in effect, were not however made until quite at the close of the year and they do not affect in any way the records of the year 1880—81 which are given in this report.

3. The survey work of a miscellaneous kind which still remains to be done in the Province had already been separated from the Madras Revenue Survey, of which Department a party used formerly to work in Coorg, and it was carried out by the establishment placed at the disposal of the Superintendent, in which no change was made. Only plotting and mapping is done now at the Madras Survey Office in Madras. The means at command were sufficient for the performance of most of the work to be done, but the want of strengthening the parties at work on surveying newly demarcated State-forests on the ghats was felt, and demarcation advanced considerably ahead of the forest surveys there. The work is difficult and unpopular; the country is rugged, and the great exposure required in conducting the survey renders the service very trying. It is important however not to let this fall behind and it will consequently be necessary to have a stronger party working on the ghat forests in future.

4. Now that the Topographical and Revenue survey is finished, so far as it is intended, at least, to carry it out as a Revenue survey at present, and the limits within which it is intended to reserve forests are being rapidly demarcated, the extent of land available for cultivation, and its position are becoming much more clearly defined. The cultivation of coffee shows a tendency to contract rather than expand at present, but this is owing to the resignation of estates which have proved unsuitable to its cultivation. The localities and conditions in which coffee will thrive have now been much more accurately ascertained and there is no reason to fear for the prosperity of the industry on account of the resignations that have recently been made.

5. The smallness of Coorg in area and population, taken into consideration with the marked individuality of its people, and the local peculiarities of customs and usages, render it at once difficult to meet the wants of the Province by the introduction of Legislative Acts passed for the whole, or for other parts of India, and inconvenient to legislate for Coorg individually by the Legislative Council of India. It was for considerations such as these that the 33rd Victoria, Cap. 3, was made applicable to Coorg in 1877. This Act permits the Executive Government of India to pass Regulations which will have the force of law in Coorg, and under its provisions Regulation III of 1880 (a Regulation to declare and amend the law relating to the collection of the public revenue in Coorg) was passed.

6. In addition to this Regulation one Act of the Legislature applicable to the Coorg Province, the Vaccination Act, was passed, and the provisions of the Census Act were made applicable by notification.

7. The small Regular Police Force maintained in Coorg for Municipal purposes, and, during a season of the year, for the due enforcement of the provisions of the Coffee Stealing Prevention Act, remained the same as before. The work to be done increased a little, there having been a greater number of cognizable offences reported, and fewer struck off the registers as false complaints; the measure of success attending Police investigations was however greater, for with a smaller number of arrests there was an increased proportional number of convictions to reported cases, and of convicted persons to arrests made.

8. In the statistics of Criminal Justice also an increase is displayed in the number of offences reported, and in the number of persons brought to trial, but the great bulk of cases were of a trivial nature being chiefly offences under assault or criminal force, and against local and special laws. As many as 23 per cent of the complaints were found to be false, and of the remaining 1,007 cases for trial all but four were disposed of in the short average duration of 3 days. Notwithstanding the large proportion of cases decided at once to be false, there still appears to have been a want of care in looking into the circumstances of each complaint before issuing process, because the percentage of convictions in Magistrate's cases is much less than that of cases brought up by the Police, and in all only 50 per cent of the persons brought to trial were convicted.

9. The nature of the Criminal statistics of the year is made apparent in the jail returns, the daily average number of prisoners having decreased by nearly 11 persons though the total number was but 150 under the total of 1879; a fact which can only be accounted for by the average term of imprisonment having decreased, with the large proportion of petty cases which were for disposal. Cheaper provisions and a decrease in the number of convicts in jail slightly reduced both the total cost, and the average cost per head of the prisoners; and an increase in the net earnings from convict labor conduced to further economy. The cost of each convict for the year was Rs. 77.

10. The number of Civil suits instituted increased by 88: and the total number for disposal was 2,105. The investiture with Civil powers of two Parpattegars increased the number of tribunals who had to deal with these cases from 16 to 18, and 2,072 cases were disposed of, only two of the remaining 33 suits being over two months' old. Uncontested suits to the number of 1,414 were disposed of in an average of 18 days each, and 360 contested suits took 29 days each. A greater proportion of appeals were preferred than in the year previous, but the percentage of decrees reversed, modified or remanded decreased to 45 from 64.

11. The extent to which Registration is employed in Coorg is but small and the number of registrations does not increase. There were 507 documents registered in 1880—81, or 8 less than in the year before, the falling off being entirely in documents relating to immovable property. Though the number of documents relating to movable property which were registered remained the same however, their value decreased very considerably, and this is ascribed to the fact that such deeds generally are of the nature of hypothecations of coffee crops, and the coffee crop was far below the value attained in the previous year. Though the income derived from registration fell, coincident with the decrease in the value of property affected by the registered deeds, the expenditure was economized in greater proportion, and the percentage of it upon income was only 49·47.

12. The municipal income of the 5 Municipalities of Coorg is very trifling, it only aggregated Rs. 14,213 for them all. But little can be done with such limited means, but what is done is, as a natural consequence, made to go as far as possible in keeping the towns clean and rendering their streets as convenient and good as possible. That the income of the year was less than that of the preceding year was due to arrears having been collected in 1879—80, and it does not point to any permanent depreciation of this source of revenue, to improve which indeed, in a manner as little calculated as possible to cause annoyance to the inhabitants, means are now in contemplation.

13. The Mercara Garrison, the only Military Force in Coorg, has remained unchanged during the year, and it consists of the Head-quarters and Wing of the 40th Regiment, M. N. I., numbering 401 officers and men of all ranks.

14. The rain-fall was copious, but unfortunately after the first showers which had fallen opportunely, and had given promise of a most auspicious season, the protracted dry weather that followed went far to destroy the favorable anticipations which had been entertained, and all the staple crops of the Province suffered accordingly. The autumn rice crop was injured by excessive moisture; coffee suffered from drought at a time when rain was essential to set the blossom; the crop was short in amount and light in the berry. Cardamoms suffered in the same way, and besides that the prices of coffee and cardamoms, which are ruled entirely by the home market, were below what had obtained in the previous year. Prices of food grains however were favorable to the employer of labor, and their cheapness assisted in bringing small cultivators from Mysore to labor on the coffee estates and supplement what they could make from their land by the good wages that are obtainable there. Thus the labor market, which at first was little and slowly supplied, improved as the season advanced.

15. Continued attempts are being made to introduce cinchona, and the success which has hitherto been met with is encouraging. The quality of the Coorg bark seems to be good, and the elevation and climate appear suitable to some varieties at least. The Red bark is the most generally grown, but there are other and more valuable varieties, which would do equally well, but they are difficult to get. Further experience of Liberian coffee only goes to prove more conclusively what was already pretty clearly established, that the shrub is not suited to Coorg. Cocoa may yet be successfully cultivated, but the experiments instituted with this object suffered a severe check this year.

16. In the demarcation of new Forest Reserves on the crests of the Western Ghats good progress has again been made. It is hard to keep pace in surveying these rugged tracts, and there is a consequent delay in finally settling the new reserves. Besides the need is much felt of improving the rules relating to forest conservancy. When this has been done, and it is expected that rules will soon be passed, forest conservancy will be placed on a very satisfactory footing in Coorg. Fire protection was energetically prosecuted, and with considerable success, and much attention was given to sandal and other plantations. Although the year's surplus was not so great as it had been in the previous year, this was not due to any extravagance in expenditure, or want of energy in timber and sandal operations, the previous year's income had been augmented by arrears of cardamom rents, and the past year really saw a larger income from timber, without however trenching on the resources of the forests for the timber was almost all cut from reproductive coupes and fire-lines. The quantity of sandalwood sold was large, but the market was unfortunately flat, and the wood did not realize what had been calculated on.

17. The mineral products of Coorg are at present insignificant, but it is possible that gold may be found in sufficient quantities near the Bramhagiris in the south, to admit of its being worked at a profit. From the similarity of the configuration and structure of the country in the south to the gold fields of the Wynad it is anticipated by some that the quartz reefs of those localities will be found to be auriferous. At present nothing has been done beyond prospecting.

18. Manufactures again are altogether insignificant and the Province depends almost entirely upon imported articles even for common clothing; but lately a somewhat extensive tile-factory has been established at Mercara, where tiles, of the well

known pattern of those made at Mangalore, are manufactured of a quality nearly, if not quite, as good as the original. The demand for them is considerable and it will grow; as therefore the clay seems well adapted to the purpose and the works are conducted with enterprize and skill, the industry is in a fair way to thrive.

19. In a country like Coorg with a land frontier all round, with many outlets, and with only the means of checking traffic on some of the main lines of communication, it is hardly possible to obtain accurate statistics of trade. So far as can be gathered however there seems no doubt that both imports and exports were less than in 1879-80. And this is due to the short coffee crop, which at once diminishes exports when coffee is the chief article exported, and re-acts on the imports as a very natural consequence.

20. The most important direction in which the Department of Public Works is now directing its energy is in the improvement of communications. A Railway from Mysore is indeed talked of, but meanwhile it will be doing a great deal for the country if the bridge over the Cauvery on the Mercara-Siddapur road is constructed and if that road itself is finished according to the lines on which it has been begun. Towards the latter object much has already been effected, and the line is already open for cart-traffic; the preliminary surveys for the bridge project were completed and the plan and estimate nearly prepared.

21. Public works in Coorg always present this difficulty, that there is an almost unlimited amount to be done, but the limit of what can be done is very easily attained. Money is not easily had, but the season also is short, labor is difficult to procure, and it is often hard to work up to the small allotment that can be made. In this last year an expenditure of one and a quarter lakhs was made from Imperial Funds and about a quarter of a lakh from District Funds. In all the outlay on works was quite Rs. 30,000 more than it had been in the preceding year. These results are no doubt a great improvement, and they are due as well to a determination to overcome difficulties, as to the circumstances of the season affording increased facilities for collecting laborers.

22. When the Post Office first undertook the local service, which had been done for years by the Mysore Anche Department, some cause was given for complaint on account of the slow and irregular delivery of letters. Attention has been paid to these defects, and the service has been much improved. There is still a good deal however left to be desired, both in extending the system to out-stations, and in expediting the service upon main lines of road. The receipts from the general public, independent of those derived from official correspondence, are considerably in excess of the present expenditure, it is not unreasonable to hope that the surplus will be applied to improving the service.

23. The year 1879-80 closed with a balance of Imperial revenue due and uncollected, amounting to Rs. 2,24,214. Remissions were made in this, and irrecoverable items were struck off to the sum of Rs. 13,952, leaving Rs. 2,10,262 to be collected in arrears. The Imperial demand of the year was Rs. 6,99,613. There were therefore Rs. 9,09,875 for collection. Of items classed in the demand statements Rs. 7,08,114 were collected and Rs. 2,01,761 was the outstanding balance at the end of the year.

24. The gross Imperial revenue of the year which amounted to Rs. 7,42,325 shows a falling off of about Rs. 37,000 on that of the previous year. Land Revenue, Forests and Excise all exhibit a decrease, the first owing to resignations of unprofitable coffee estates, the next owing partly to the low price which sandalwood fetched, and partly to arrears of cardamom rents having been collected in the previous year to a large extent, and the last owing to the beginning of a new arrack contract; the amount payable by the distiller having been reduced, with a prospective and progressive rise however, in consequence of losses which were incurred, by the high price of jaggory and diminished consumption.

25. Charges against income were on the other hand considerably curtailed, principally because it was not necessary to make such large refunds of coffee assessment in estates on correction of estimated area by the survey; and expenditure from net income was also under that of the year before. The Imperial surplus was consequently Rs. 2,40,000 in place of 2¼ lakhs, although the income of the year was small-

er. A remittance of Rs. 4,60,500 of Government balances was made from the Mercara Treasury and the cash balances at the close of the year were Rs. 7,15,000 nearly.

26. The local revenues of District Municipal Funds are but small, the balance at credit of Local Funds at the beginning of the year was Rs. 5,878 and collections amounted to Rs. 31,134. Expenditure shown in the accounts totalled Rs. 51,103; but it appears that that may not all refer to works executed in the year. The municipal income of the year was only Rs. 14,213 and the expenditure Rs. 17,388, but as there was an opening balance of Rs. 17,000 there were ample funds to meet the expenditure.

27. For the second time in the history of Coorg a census of the population has been taken. As in the rest of British India a preliminary enumeration was made, and recorded in the Enumerators' schedules and when the 17th of February came the work to be done consisted in checking those entries against the actual present population of each homestead on that night.

28. Coorg measures only 1,583 square miles and the population at last census in 1871 was computed to be 168,312 souls; it was therefore not thought necessary to depute a special officer as Deputy Superintendent of Census operations. The enumeration was carried on under the Superintenden's orders, but when the time arrived for compiling and tabulating the return it was deemed expedient to carry out that work under the superintendence of Major Magrath, the 1st Assistant Superintendent of Coorg, because the then Superintendent was about to be transferred. Compilation began on the 7th March, and the whole returns for the Province was finished and the report was written by the 10th August.

29. Notwithstanding the rugged character of the country, and the isolated position of the several homesteads, the census it is believed has been taken with great approximation to accuracy. The distances to be traversed from house to house made it impossible to allot so many houses to one Enumerator as in the plains, and necessitated a greater number of supervising officers in proportion to the population to be enumerated. But the only difficulties encountered in addition to these natural disadvantages arose from the disinclination of Muhammadans to give the particulars, few and simple as they were, of their gosha women, and in some instances from want of co-operation by European coffee planters in effecting the enumeration of estate coolies.

30. The population of Coorg according to this census is 178,302, of whom 100,439 are males and 77,863 are females. This gives an increase of almost exactly 10,000 souls in the nine years since November 1871, being at the rate of 6 per cent on the population of 1871. The preponderance of males over females is no doubt due to the large number of coolies at work in the coffee estates of the country. The density of population per square mile is 112·64 and it varies from 70·56 in the western and hilly region of the Padinalknad Taluk to 205·36 in Yedenalknad in the south, where the greatest number and the best of the coffee estates are situated. Details of the population as to religion, civil condition, caste and occupation are given in the report, but it is worthy of note here that Coorgs have increased but slightly, by 2·44 per cent. They hold their own however against the Brahmans, their rivals, who have decreased by as much as 25 per cent.

31. There were 2,012 births and 3,612 deaths registered in the year in place of 1,133 and 3,700 in the year before. The new rules for registration of vital statistics, which had been introduced, were in operation throughout the year, and to their improved method must be ascribed the higher recorded rate of births. The reduction in the recorded death rate therefore in all probability does represent an actual decrease in deaths; still the returns cannot be implicitly accepted for they only give a birth rate of 11·28 per mille and a death rate of 20·26. Among Coorgs whose statistics are the most easily obtained the death rate was 25·41, and that is probably very near the truth for the season was a tolerably healthy one, but for the prevalence of malarious fevers. There were no cases of cholera at all, and only 29 deaths from small-pox.

32. The accommodation provided for medical relief in the two Hospitals at Mercara and Virarajendrapet has for some time been less than the requirements of the people demand arrangements have accordingly been made for the extension of the

Hospital at Mercara, and it is a good sign that the purchase of an adjoining bungalow, which is to be added to the Hospital, has been almost entirely defrayed by private subscriptions. It will probably be necessary to improve the Virarajendrapet Hospital also, and raise the class of medical man in charge of it. But this is required mainly, if not only for the Native population, as the European planters of South Coorg have a private practitioner, to secure whose services they subscribe monthly from each estate. The regular Vaccination Establishment has worked well, more operations were performed than in 1879-80 and a greater proportion of them were successful, but the number of infants vaccinated is very small, and it appears that there is much prejudice against infant vaccination still to be overcome in Coorg.

33. The advance recently made in Educational work has been maintained. The Inspector of Schools retired in the middle of the year, and the system which had been in force up to 18 months previous was reverted to : that is the offices of Inspector of Schools and Principal of the Mercara Central School were united in one. Such an arrangement can only work satisfactorily when the officer in whom the two offices are combined is a man of energy and resource, and in the present Inspector and Principal the Coorg Administration is fortunate in possessing a Government servant who is eminently suited to the work, and who has already, in his short stay in Mercara, set his mark unmistakeably upon the educational statistics of the Province. The Central School has been raised to the status of a High School by passing candidates direct through the Madras University Matriculation examination and not only in the higher education that is being afforded in that school, but in the increased number of pupils in it, and in the other Government schools of the Province as well, is the progress of education marked.

PART II.

I. PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Vide paras 1 to 23 of the Report for 1872—73.

POLITICAL.

FORM OF ADMINISTRATION.

1. Since Coorg became a part of British India in 1834 it has been administered by a Superintendent subordinate to the Commissioner for the government of the Territories of His Highness the Maha Raja of Mysore who was also called Commissioner for the affairs of Coorg. Subsequently this officer was in 1869 made Chief Commissioner and ever since the formation of the Mysore Commission one of its members has been Superintendent of Coorg. In 1867 an Assistant Superintendent was also appointed, who likewise was a European officer of the Mysore Commission. Just at the close of the year now past the Mysore Commission was dissolved. Mysore was restored to a Native Ruler and the Chief Commissioner gave place to the Resident in Mysore. The Resident has been made also Chief Commissioner of Coorg, of which Province the administration remains otherwise practically unchanged though the Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent, whom it is proposed to term Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner in future, no longer belong to the Mysore Commission.

II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS.

2. There has been no change in the establishment which consisted of 1 Manager, 1 Clerk, 3 Surveyors, 1 Head Peon and 10 Peons.

3. One-hundred and thirty-two waste land applications and blocks of concealed and unauthorized cultivation, as well as three *Devar Kadus* (sacred forests), have been demarcated and surveyed, their aggregate area being 1127·49 acres. Besides these, 5 *Devar Kadus* have been re-surveyed at the instance of the Superintendent of Coorg. Their re-survey area is 222·65 acres, which, together with what is given above, brings up the aggregate area demarcated and surveyed to 1350·14 acres.

4. The original plots of 139 blocks of waste land applications and *Devar Kadus*, area 649·89 acres, were finally tested in the field before they were lithographed.

5. Alterations of the boundaries of certain reserved forests and several other works of a miscellaneous nature, have also been performed ; all these were done under the immediate orders of the Superintendent of Coorg for administrative and revenue purposes, &c.

6. The expenditure under these heads is Rs. 3,565—4—11 which gives an average of Rs. 0—13—9 per acre demarcated and surveyed, and of Rs. 0—6—0 per acre finally examined in the field, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,162—6—8 debitable to works of a miscellaneous nature.

SETTLEMENTS.

Nil.

WASTE LANDS.

7. Owing to the fall in prices and difficulty in procuring labor, there has been no marked increase in the extent of land taken up for the cultivation of cereal crops. 209 acres were applied for against 144 acres relinquished, showing a net increase of only 65 acres.

8. One-hundred and ninety-six acres were sold under the Waste Land Rules for the cultivation of coffee and realized Rs. 1,834—8—0 or an average of Rs. 9—5—9 the acre. Applications for 1,007 acres of waste land are undisposed of pending survey and valuation of timber by the Forest Department.

9. On the other hand a large extent of coffee land appears again as having been relinquished or resumed in default of payment of assessment. Several causes may be assigned for this large decrease. Much want of judgment was shown in the original selection of land suitable for coffee, as several of the estates were planted on the steep hill sides of the Western Ghats, which are exposed to the full burst of the monsoon. Several of the properties, especially those owned by Natives, have gradually deteriorated in value, owing to neglect on the part of the proprietors who have not had the means to give them that culture which is now found to be absolutely necessary for their up-keep. The unusual smallness of the last year's crop, the fall in price, and the high wages paid to laborers, have all tended to minimize profits, and have ultimately forced those who had land in unfavorable localities to abandon the enterprize.

10. At the same time it has to be observed that these facts have reference only to the land which is shown as abandoned, and do not apply to the coffee enterprize as a whole, far less to the numerous valuable and highly remunerative properties which extend for miles and are cultivated in a judicious and effective manner.

Government Estates		Nil.
Wards' Estates		

III. PROTECTION.

LEGISLATING AUTHORITY.

11. Owing to the peculiar usages of the Coorg people and their crude civilization, the Province was included in the Scheduled Districts Act XIV of 1874 as one of the "Excepted Districts" to which Imperial Acts unless made applicable to the whole of British India do not apply unless specially extended under Section 5 or declared to be in force under Section 3. This Act was declared to be in force in Coorg by notification dated the 22nd February 1875.

12. It was however still found that the requirements of the Province cannot be generally met by merely extending an Act which is in force in any part of British India.

13. It was therefore necessary that rules and regulations having special reference to the usages and requirements of the Province must be framed from time to time to keep pace with the advancing and progressive state of society in Coorg.

14. To obviate the many difficulties and delays which would necessarily arise, if any special enactment required for Coorg was passed in the usual manner by the Government of India, the provisions of Section 1 of the 33rd of Victoria Chapter 3, to make better provision for making laws and regulations for certain parts of India, were made applicable to Coorg from and after the 1st October 1877. The Chief Commissioner is thus empowered to prepare and submit such rules and regulations as may from time to time be called for for the sanction of the Governor General in Council.

As a result of the change thus introduced, Regulation III of 1880, a regulation to declare and amend the law relating to the collection of the public revenue in the Province of Coorg, has been passed.

COURSE OF LEGISLATURE.

15. During the course of the year the Vaccination Act, which prohibits inoculation and makes vaccination compulsory in those Municipalities to which its provisions have been extended, was passed by the Legislative Council and is applicable to Coorg; but it has not yet been extended to any of the Municipalities in the Province as required by Section 3.

16. Regulation III of 1880 to declare and amend the law relating to the collection of the public revenue in the Province of Coorg was made under the 33rd of Victoria Cap. 3 and published in the *Gazette of India* of 25th September.

17. Only one Act was extended to Coorg during the year and that was a short temporary Act for a special purpose, the Census Act, whose penal provisions it has not, fortunately, been necessary to put in force.

POLICE.

18. The strength of the constabulary during the year consisted of 5 Parpattegars and Assistant Parpattegars, 3 Daffedars and 46 Constables. In addition to this force, 5 Patrolling Inspectors were employed for a few months as in the previous year to check coffee stealing. The maintenance of the whole establishment cost Rs. 7,288 or Rs. 1,056 more than in 1879, but the budget limits were not exceeded.

19. The number of cognizable cases rose from 294 to 342 and the number of cases struck off as false fell from 125 to 119. The percentage of convictions to cases brought to trial rose from 52·67 to 67·73 and the ratio of convictions to reported cases was 35 against 29 per cent in the previous year. The number of persons arrested was 399, against 443 and of this 170 were convicted as compared with 177 in 1879.

20. Twenty-one non-cognizable cases were enquired into by the Police under orders from the Magistrates as compared with seven in the previous year. Of this number 16 were struck off as false and in the remaining 5 cases convictions were obtained.

21. The value of stolen property was Rs. 4,231 or 1,507 less than in 1879; while the value recovered was Rs. 1,593 as against Rs. 1,178 or 37·65 per cent, which is 17 per cent more than in the previous year.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

22. There was no change in the number or constitution of the Courts of the Province during the year. The total charges amounted to 46,601 as against Rs. 46,717 in 1879. The income of the Courts derived from stamp duties, fines and miscellaneous sources amounted to Rs. 52,549 as compared with Rs. 40,269 in the preceding year; of this the net receipts from stamps alone amounted to Rs. 44,665.

23. The number of cases reported during the year was 1,309 or 357 more than in 1879. Of this as many as 356 were offences under criminal force and assault and 478 under special and local laws. 23 per cent of the reported cases were found to be false and the number returned as true was therefore 1,007. Of this 1,003 were disposed of during the year in the average duration of 3 days to each case.

24. The number of persons brought to trial was 1,726 as compared with 1,595 of the previous year. Of these 1,419 were taken up on complaints and 307 brought by the Police. The total number convicted was 860 or 49·9 per cent. The percentage of convictions in Magistrates' cases was 48·6 and in Police cases 55·3. The small percentage in the former is evidently due to the want of caution preliminary to entertaining such cases.

25. The number of appeals against the sentences of 2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates was 29 as against 20, and the number of appeals disposed of by the Judicial Commissioner was 6 against 9 in the preceding year. The work of the Judicial Commissioner's Court with regard to criminal jurisdiction in Coorg was very light and the appellate work generally was but small.

PRISONS.

26. The total number of prisoners of all classes in confinement in the jail and lock-ups of Coorg during the year was 942 against 1,090 in 1879. Of these, 279 were convicts, 639 under-trial prisoners, and 24 civil prisoners. The daily average number was 93·08 showing a decrease of 10·70 as compared with the preceding year.

27. The number of male convicts admitted during the year was 173 against 221 in the preceding year and the number of female convicts admitted was 12 against 15. The daily average number of convicts was 83·03 against 90·98. At the commencement of the year there were 94 convicts in the jail, 185 were imprisoned during the year against 237 in 1879; 189 were released or otherwise disposed of leaving 90 convicts in prison on the last day of the year or 4 less than that at the close of the preceding year.

28. Out of 90 convicts remaining in prison on the last day of the year there were 10 Christians, 17 Muhammadans, 35 Hindus and 28 other classes. The great bulk of the convicts consisted of persons in the prime of working life, 82 convicts or about 91 per cent being between the ages of 16 and 40, those over 40 numbered 8. Of the 87 male convicts remaining in prison on the last day 4 were persons employed under Government, 5 professional persons, 50 laborers, 11 agriculturists and 17 persons engaged in trade. Of the 3 females one was married and two widows.

29. The daily average number under instruction in jail was 71·75 or 6·9 less than in 1879. Of those released during the year there were 64 unable to read or write when they entered the jail and of those only seven left the jail without learning to read or write; 102 of those that were released were able to read and write a little and 23 to read and write well.

30. The total number of punishments for breaches of Jail Rules fell from 81 to 47 evidencing a great improvement in the conduct of the prisoners over the preceding year.

31. Although admissions into hospital were more numerous than in 1879 the vital statistics show an improvement in the health state of the jail, the daily average number of sick and the number of deaths being 4·65 and 9 respectively as compared with 5·85 and 11 in the previous year.

32. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 10,336 against Rs. 11,672 or Rs. 111—0—8 per head of average strength against Rs. 112—7—6 in 1879. The decrease is due to a smaller number of convicts and to cheaper rates of provisions.

33. The gross income from manufactures was Rs. 12,172—4—10 against Rs. 13,497, but the net profit rose from Rs. 3,642 to Rs. 3,935 bringing down the net cost to the State of each convict from Rs. 88 to 77.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

34. The number of Civil tribunals in Coorg rose during the year from 16 to 18 in consequence of the investiture of two Parpattegars with Civil powers, and with the increase in the number of Courts, the number of suits also rose from 1,990 to 2,078.

35. With the 27 suits pending at the close of the previous year, there were in all 2,105 suits for disposal. The total number of suits disposed of during the year was 2,072: of this 298 were disposed of without trial, 1,414 were uncontested, and 360 contested. Of the uncontested suits 732 were decreed *exparte* and out of 360 contested suits 264 were decided for the plaintiff. It is satisfactory that of the 88

pending suits only 2 as against 5 in the previous year were over two months' old. Four suits were filed in *formâ pauperis* as against two in the preceding year, the stamp duty on which Rs. 1,685 has not been recovered.

36. The average duration of contested suits was the same as it was in the previous year, 29 days; but the duration of uncontested suits fell from 21 to 18 days, showing an improvement of 3 days on the preceding year.

37. As might be expected from the increase in the number of suits instituted, their aggregate value rose from Rs. 3,36,650 to Rs. 3,70,595, giving Rs. 178 as the average value of each suit as against 169 in 1879.

38. Of the 360 appealable cases 104 appeals were preferred against 70 in 1879. With the 4 appeals pending from the previous year there were in all 108 appeals for disposal; of these 106 were disposed of leaving only 2 pending at close of the year. Of the contested appeals the decrees of the lower courts were confirmed in 53, modified in 15, reversed in 26 and remanded in 7 cases, and of the uncontested appeals one was summarily rejected, two were dismissed for default, and two were heard *exparte* in which the decrees of the lower courts were confirmed. Although there was an increase in the number of appeals, the percentage of decrees reversed, modified and remanded fell from 63·77 to 45·28. This result is more favorable to the care and accuracy of the work of the original courts than in the previous year. The appellate work in the Judicial Commissioner's Court perceptibly increased, there having been 6 regular appeals instituted against 2 in 1879 and 22 second appeals against 9 in 1879.

39. The total number of applications for execution of decrees was 1,600 or 119 more than in the previous year. In 525 of these satisfaction was obtained in full, in 206 in part, and 621 applications were wholly infructuous; 180 were transferred leaving 68 pending at the end of the year.

40. Six applications for declaration of insolvency were filed during the year; of these three were rejected, one withdrawn, in one insolvency was declared, and one was pending at the close of the year.

41. The number of processes issued for service during the year increased by 873 being 12,897 against 12,024; the collection of fees therefrom amounted to Rs. 6,797 thus raising the net profit from Rs. 2,901—13—2 to Rs. 3,137—4—2. The large increase in the number of execution cases and the number of processes issued is a sure evidence of the steady advance of the Civil judicial work in Coorg.

REGISTRATION.

42. The number of documents registered in Coorg for the past three years has been very steady. The 507 documents registered in 1880-81 exhibit a decrease of 8 in the number of the previous year, 3 of them are documents of which the registration is compulsory and 5 are documents relating to immovable property of less than 50 Rs. value. The number of documents relating to movable property is 29 as in the previous year.

43. Registration does not appear to be advancing in Coorg. In the two years preceding the last three there was certainly a considerable increase in registrations, but that was evidently due to abnormal causes, and neither the reduction of fees on certain classes of documents nor a general appreciation of the benefits of registration has yet affected the results. On the other hand it can hardly be the case that the increase of fees chargeable on the registration of deeds affecting immovable property of more than 200 Rs. value has prevented documents of that nature from being registered because in the case of those registration is compulsory.

44. The value of property to which the registered deeds relate fluctuates greatly. In 1879-80, the 59 documents relating to movable property represented Rs. 4,66,473 giving an average value of Rs. 7,906 per document; in 1880-81 the same number of documents represented only Rs. 1,54,069 value and the average of each document was Rs. 2,611. In documents relating to immovable property the difference is not so great, but there too the average has fallen from Rs. 1,713 to Rs. 1,524. This is

said to be accidental, but the reason of the great difference in average value of the movable property is ascribed to the shortness of the coffee crop; the documents registered being principally hypothecations of crop.

45. With the marked decrease in the value of property affected by the registered deeds there has naturally been a falling off in the realization of fees and the income of Rs. 3,323 is less than that of the preceding year by Rs. 229, but the economy instituted by the substitution of a paid establishment in the Offices of the Registrars of North and South Coorg, for an establishment paid by commission, has more than balanced the loss, and expenditure amounting to Rs. 1,644 against Rs. 2,011 left a surplus of Rs. 1,679. The percentage of expenditure upon income was 49·47.

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

46. The number of Municipalities administered under Act XVIII of 1864 as amended by Act XXII of 1865 continued the same as in 1879-80, *viz.* 5.

47. In the Municipalities of Mercara and Virarajendrapet the members of the Board were appointed under the elective system in accordance with rules framed under Section 2 of the Act, but as the people in the other Municipalities are not sufficiently advanced to exercise the right of voting, the selection of the members in them is vested in the Subedars acting under orders of the Superintendent.

48. The receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 14,213 against Rs. 16,995 of the previous year. The decrease is chiefly due to the income of the previous year having been swollen by the collection of a large amount of arrears. The main sources of Municipal revenue are, octroi, house-tax, profession tax, and market fees and fines.

49. The incidence of taxation varied from 6 pies in Fraserpet to Rs. 1—3—2 in Virarajendrapet per head of the population, as calculated by the Census data of 1881. Though the incidence in Virarajendrapet is as usual high still there has been a perceptible decrease as compared with the previous year when it stood at Rs. 2—4—0 per head.

50. The daily removal of rubbish and filth and the cleansing of surface drains, &c., were carried out at a cost of Rs. 5,160 and some desirable sanitary improvements were effected at a cost of Rs. 1,276.

51. The total outlay on public works amounted to Rs. 8,188. No new works of any importance were executed. Some drains and dust-bins were constructed, and a large quantity of lanthana was cleared; besides repairs wherever and whenever necessary were made to existing drains, latrines and dust-bins, and a general improvement in the conservancy arrangements is observable throughout in all the towns.

MILITARY.

52. Mercara was garrisoned by the Head-quarters and Right Wing of the 40th Madras Native Infantry, which arrived at Mercara on the 24th April 1879, and relieved the 28th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry. The strength of the Garrison on the 31st March 1881 was 401 officers and men of all ranks including camp followers. There are no out-posts in Coorg, but a Wing of the 40th Regiment, Native Infantry, is detached to the French Rocks near Mysore.

53. Some improvement took place in the health of the troops during the past year, which may be ascribed to the men becoming more acclimatized and to their families being less of a burden to them as they are able during the picking season to add to their means by working on the coffee estates.

MARINE.

Nil.

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

AGRIÇULTURE.

54. The extent of land under food grains shows again a very slight increase. There were 69,306 acres of rice, and 1,424 acres of dry crop, the increase over the cultivated area of the year before being only 65 acres. In a year of falling prices and with difficulty in procuring labor, it is well to find that cultivation did not fall off.

55. The returns show that of the 77,564 acres of land bearing coffee assessment 30,313 are still unplanted with coffee; they however include lands taken up nominally for coffee cultivation, but which are found to be best suited for the cultivation of cardamoms; 41,757 acres of assessed coffee land are held by Europeans under an assessment of Rs. 75,793—6—3, and 35,805 acres by Natives paying an assessment of Rs. 66,235—7—2. Besides which much coffee is grown by the latter in their bánes (plots of forests attached to rice fields) free of assessment and cardamoms in the ghat forests.

56. Owing to the demand on coffee estates and the necessity of importing labor high wages obtain, being equal to those given in most hill stations. In the early part of the season, labor came in slowly consequent on the coolies in Mysore delaying till they had put down their crops; but as the season advanced, the labor market improved, it being affected by the fall in price of food grains, which led many to seek for employment, so that they might earn sufficient to pay their land-tax. The wages paid to laborers from the Western coast is high; and the supply which is valued especially for the cultivation of rice fields is unfortunately limited. Although many petty shop-keepers have been induced to settle in villages along the high roads to supply the wants of the floating population, little local labor is procurable. It may be expected that it will increase as the country becomes more settled.

57. Cattle were comparatively free from murrain during the past year, consequently the losses according to the talukvar returns were only 4,518 head, or 4,093 less than in the previous year.

58. Owing to the favorable season in Mysore the price of all food grains fell. The price realized for second sort rice which is the staple food of Western Coorg was one rupee for 17 seers of 80 Rs. weight instead of 16 seers as in the previous year. Ragi, which is grown mostly in North-East Coorg, was sold at 30 seers per rupee or 2 seers more than in the previous year. Native coffee fetched Rs. 632 the ton compared with Rs. 680 in the previous year. The price of parchment coffee shipped to England has likewise fallen owing to the state of the home market. The price of cardamoms likewise fell from Rs. 2—11—0 to Rs. 2—5—0 the lb.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

59. The rain-fall registered at Mercara came to 137 inches, or 2 less than in the previous year. In other parts of the District it was fully equal to the average.

60. In some parts the Kartik rice crop suffered from excessive rain, and it did not thresh out so well as was expected. The same results ensued from a similar cause in the case of the ragi crop. The yield of horse gram, which is reaped later on in the season, was, however, good.

61. People were misled as to the prospects from coffee, for the opening showers fell opportunely, and seemed all that could be desired; but the interval of fair weather which followed was so long that the blossom did not set so well as was anticipated, necessitating an entire revision of estimates as the season advanced. The ultimate out-turn was, with very few exceptions, exceedingly short, not being sufficient on some estates to meet expenses, and much of the coffee picked was very light. It is calculated that the export was not more than 3,394 tons, or half that of the year previous. This represents a loss in value which may be set down at not less than 17 lakhs of rupees.

62. The same inopportune rain-fall affected also the cardamon crop; the yield obtained is calculated at 47,152 lbs., being considerably less than in the previous year. The demand for the spice being limited, the home market is easily glutted by large supplies from other parts of India, such as Manjarabad, where it is now systematically cultivated and scientifically cured, at a heavy outlay, by European planters.

HORTICULTURE.

63. The coffee shrub peculiar to Coorg seems best adapted to the climate and soil, and the yield is proved to be much greater than that of the Chick variety which was first introduced from Mysore, but is cultivated no longer. Attempts were made to introduce the Liberian tree which grows strongly and vigorously, but yields a great coarse pod. As it seems better suited for a warmer climate nearer the coast, there is no likelihood of steps being taken for its extensive propagation in Coorg.

64. The high price of quinine in the market has led to hopes being entertained that the planting of cinchona may prove to be remunerative, and that it may succeed on some estates, which have proved to be unsuited for coffee. Attempts to grow it as shade to coffee have proved so far encouraging. Some of the seedlings failed after the monsoon last year, but planting is now being conducted on a larger and more systematic manner. Although other more valuable varieties might possibly succeed, if tried, the succirubra seems best adapted to the climate and elevation of Coorg. The bark grown in Coorg has been pronounced by experts the finest of its kind, and it fetched the highest price in the London market.

65. Mr. Richter reports that the palm oil plants under his care are still in vigorous growth; but of the nuts put down into nurseries in June 1880 none had yet germinated, and the breaking of the hard shell of some has not accelerated the process of germination.

66. A further experiment on a small scale is being made in South Coorg with cocoa, but the promising nursery near Mercara, reported upon last year, has proved a failure, as, at the end of the monsoon, the fine plants withered and died. One cocoa tree about 9 feet high on a coffee estate in South Coorg is in blossom this year; and there are nearly 1,000 cocoa plants on another Native coffee estate which are doing well.

67. Mr. Richter reports that the fine carob tree or St. John's bread, the growth of which at Pollabetta, in South Coorg, has been watched with interest, has at last blossomed and produced a few pods. Its spread will be encouraged.

FORESTS.

68. Considerable progress towards the extension of the forest reserves has been made during the year. 14 square miles were added to the area already reserved, being the estimated area of Urti and Kerti forests, raising the total area from 219 to 233 square miles. A tract of 240 square miles in extent on the verge of the Western ghats has also been included in the reserves during the past two years, but this has not been shown in the tabular statement as it has not been notified yet in the Gazette. It is felt on all sides that much cannot be accomplished in this respect until rules are framed for the protection and conservancy of forests in which Government has rights. This, it is hoped, will soon be done and it will then become possible to inaugurate a more thorough and systematic forest conservancy.

69. The demarcation of the ghat forests progressed satisfactorily in spite of the want of co-operation on the part of subordinate revenue officials. An extent of 127 miles of new line was cut, pits were dug and posts fixed at a total cost of Rs. 781 or Rs. 6—2—0 per mile. The clearing of the old lines was not charged for under this head as that work was done in connection with fire conservancy operations. But the survey work did not keep pace with the demarcation, as the work turned out under the former head represents only 34 miles. This is due to the insufficiency of the establishment.

70. The results of fire protection compare favorably with those of last year. An area of 106,768 acres was successfully protected at a cost of Rs. 2,927 against 102,865 acres of the previous year. The area attempted to be protected was 123,278 and the failures amounted to about 13 per cent.

71. While the number of the plantations is the same, the area has decreased from 480 to 327¾ acres, a fact which is due to the exclusion from the tabular statement of the area not fairly stocked, which was included in the previous year. While no addition has been made to the area of plantations, a good deal of new work, in the shape of small plantation for the cultivation of sandal, opened out at the Head-quarters of each Forester, was undertaken, and with successful results in every instance where heavy forest land was treated.

72. No new roads were undertaken during the year, but the existing roads were maintained at a cost of Rs. 186. Two new huts—one at Titimatti and the other at Kutampalli—were constructed for the Foresters in charge at a cost of Rs. 150, and the repairs to the existing buildings cost Rs. 153—13—0. Sales of timber included 9,087 cubic feet of teak and 14,027 cubic feet of junglewood, and the total income on this account was Rs. 17,105 or Rs. 4,441 more than in the previous year. The greater part of the material was obtained from coupes, and some portion of timber and bamboos was extracted from spaces between the fire lines. Supplies to the Mercara Depôt were transported by means of Government carts and bullocks during the year for the first time, and the money value of the work done by these carts and bullocks is Rs. 1,872, while the up-keep of the bullocks costs Rs. 1,628.

73. A quantity of 118¼ tons of sandalwood was collected at a cost of Rs. 48—11—11 per ton and 112½ tons sold for Rs. 34,324 or Rs. 305 per ton. This low average price is due to the higher classes of wood not being sold, and also to the combination of the merchants to keep down the price.

74. One hundred and sixty-two applications for inspection of lands for coffee cultivation were received during the year. Of these 111 were disposed of and 51 were pending at close of the year.

75. The financial results as compared with the previous year were :—

	1879—80	1880—81.
Receipts	1,01,785	87,857
Charges	55,165	56,487
Surplus ...	46,620	31,370

The receipts were less than those of 1879—80 by Rs. 13,928, but the income of previous year was swollen by the collection of Rs. 18,167, arrears of cardamom rents.

MINES AND QUARRIES.

76. Granite slabs are quarried to some extent from rocks near Fraserpet, Kodlipet, and Somvarpet. They are used for pavement of house-yards and drains. Laterite is used for building purposes and for pavement at Virarajendrapet and in the surrounding Nads.

77. From the strong resemblance of the country to the Wynad, there is every probability of gold being found in the quartz reefs which cross up in many parts of the country.

78. Two applications have been received for prospecting rights for gold, which, it is hoped, may be discovered on some of the coffee estates and in the Brahmagiri hills.

MANUFACTURES.

79. As Coorg is a hilly country dependent very much on imported labor from the plains, manufactures do not exist to any extent; nor is there any likelihood of their even competing with success against those in the plains.

80. Cloth is imported mainly from England, Bombay and Salem. There are 122 looms at work chiefly in the villages of Kodlipet, Somvarpet, and Sanivarasante in North Coorg, which manufacture only the coarse cloth used by the lower classes. Sashes of red cloth are manufactured by six weavers at Seringala in the north-east corner of Coorg.

81. About a dozen artizans add to their means by making the knives which are worn by Coorgs. A few of these are highly ornamented with silver and gold mountings. The number turned out does not however exceed 150 per annum of the estimated value of Rs. 5,000. The steel is not of the first class.

82. A few pot-makers are to be found in some of the villages of Coorg, and a few braziers in South Coorg. They make the primitive pots in common use all over India.

83. Messrs. Mann & Co. have lately shown much enterprize in establishing tile works at Mercara. The tiles which are large and of superior quality are found to be equal to those made at Mangalore and Calicut, while a saving is effected to the Mercara public in the cost of carriage.

84. The value of the tiles sold is put down at Rs. 15,000. The factory having changed hands, it is expected that it will be worked in future on a larger scale. It has led already to houses of a better description being built in Mercara.

TRADE.

85. The accounts of traffic kept by the toll-keepers on the different roads in Coorg admit of a rough comparison being made, with respect to the exports and imports of the last and previous year. It might be misleading, in judging of the trade, to rely upon these returns wholly, as there are no tolls on any of the roads in North Coorg.

86. The failure in the coffee and cardamom crops led to a decrease in the value of exports, as already noticed and, as was to be expected, it affected also the imports which were less in consequence of a diminished demand on the part of the people who had less means to buy.

87. The demand for live-stock was, however, considerable. It is calculated that Rs. 68,656 was paid for cattle and sheep imported. In consequence of the wet climate, which is unsuited to the breeding of sheep, Coorg draws its whole supply from Mysore.

88. The establishment of a tile manufactory at Mercara has affected the import of tiles, as they can now be made equally good at Mr. Easts' manufactory and the cost of carriage from Mangalore is saved.

89. As was noticed also in the Report of 1879—80 kerosine oil, which gives a better light, is rapidly supplanting the common oils formerly in use in Native houses. The quantity of Native oil imported has much decreased, and, as was to be expected, it has fallen also much in price. Oil cake is, however, found to be a valuable manure for coffee. The increase in the consumption of salt which is needed in a damp climate is encouraging, it being estimated that it exceeded the imports of the previous year by 327 tons. It forms the chief return load of carts taking down coffee to the coast.

90. Under the head "Sundries" comes manure which is imported largely from the coast. The rule on most well-managed estates is, that a load of fish, bone or oil-cake manure should be put down on the estate for every cart-load of coffee sent out of it.

91. The value of timber and sandalwood exported by the Forest Department came to Rs. 44,815 against Rs. 51,580 in the year previous. This is, however, exclusive of Coorg timber sold at Hunsúr in the Mysore country.

PUBLIC WORKS.

92. The budget grant for the year 1880—81 was Rs. 1,22,800 as modified by Government of India on application by Chief Commissioner; the expenditure was Rs. 1,24,855 being Rs. 2,055 in excess of the grant.

MILITARY.

ORIGINAL.

	Rs.
Modified allotment	459
Expenditure	657
Excess Expenditure....	198

93. The Rifle Range, the only major work in hand during the year, was completed.

The minor works on which the balance expenditure was incurred call for no remarks.

REPAIRS.

	Rs.
Modified allotment	4,990
Expenditure	4,815
Lapse.. ..	175

94. The principal works in hand under this head were repairs to the Military Hospital, and to the Palace, which, the buildings being occupied, could only be proceeded with slowly, but have been since completed.

CIVIL BUILDINGS.

ORIGINAL.

	Rs.
Modified allotment	21,915
Expenditure	21,946
Excess Expenditure....	31

95. *Improvements to the Jail at Mercara.*—This work has progressed in a highly satisfactory manner. The third ward and female ward were completed and handed over. The Jailor's quarters roofed in and completed all but internal fittings. Hospital ready for roofing, and office and guard room walls raised to full height. The expenditure was Rs. 12,585 against an allotment of Rs. 12,866.

96. The original budget grant being insufficient for other civil buildings, an additional Rs. 10,000 for this purpose was sanctioned by the Government of India. This amount was urgently needed and fully utilized. Rs. 4,910 were spent on the Nad Cutcherry at Sanivarsante, Rs. 1,329 on that at Siddapur, and Rs. 2,647 on that at Ramaswami Kanave, the balance on other works. Had more funds been available, they could have been expended with advantage.

REPAIRS.

	Rs.
Modified allotment	3,902
Expenditure	4,677
Excess Expenditure....	775

97. No remarks appear called for.

COMMUNICATIONS.

ORIGINAL.

	Rs.
Modified allotment	27,000
Expenditure	27,506
Excess Expenditure....	506

98. *Opening out road from Mercara to Siddapur.*—Satisfactory progress has been made on this important road. The allotment was increased from Rs. 11,500 to 15,500, the expenditure having been Rs. 16,019. The work to be completed was exceedingly heavy. A considerable portion of the road having to be blasted out of solid rock, it was opened sufficiently for carts to pass on the 11th December, since which time widening has been steadily proceeded with.

99. *Opening out Virarajendrapet and Periyapatna Road.*—There was a small lapse of Rs. 276 on this road out of an allotment of Rs. 11,500. Progress was satisfactory.

100. Revised estimates for both these roads have since been forwarded to the Government of India for sanction.

101. *Constructing bridge over Cauvery on Mercara-Siddapur Road.*—A small expenditure of Rs. 115 was incurred in surveying and levelling for the preparation of this important project, which is now being framed and will shortly be submitted for the sanction of Government.

REPAIRS.

	Rs.
Modified allotment	35,930
Expenditure	35,728
Lapse....	202

102. The roads were generally maintained in fair order with the exception of the approaches to the Periyambadi Ghat, and portions of the ghat itself, the result of insufficient attention in previous years. Steps have been taken to the extent that funds will allow to rectify this.

DISTRICT FUNDS.

	Rs.
Grant..	34,494
Expenditure	27,861
Lapse....	6,633

103. The lapse under this head although large is a great improvement on last year when it was nearly double. There are considerable difficulties in procuring labor and materials in Coorg, but in future years it is expected that it will be possible to work fully up to the allotments.

CIVIL BUDGET WORKS.

	Rs.
Grant	3 800
Outlay	2,953
Lapse....	847

104. The remarks above apply to expenditure under this head.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

105. There has been a very marked improvement in progress in this over previous years, the total expenditure this year having been Rs. 1,55,669 against Rs. 1,24,203 last year. This is partly due to recovery from famine, and to more labor becoming available as well as to a little additional energy having been infused into the executive branch. Some difficulties were experienced owing to sickness and inefficiency amongst the subordinates, some of whom have since been removed. Mr. Gramatzki was in charge of the Province during the year as Executive Engineer, assisted for the last five months by Mr. Sharp.

Statement showing Expenditure as compared with the Imperial Grant for 1880—81.

Heads of Service.	Grant as per Budget Orders.	Final Grant at end of the year.	Outlay.	Difference as compared with final Grant.	
				Short outlay.	Excess Outlay.
Original works	37,800	49,374	50,109	...	735
Repairs	41,000	44,822	45,220	...	398
Establishment	31,000	31,000	31,439	...	439
Tools and Plant	3,000	2,581	3,123	...	542
Profit and Loss	...	...	577	...	577
Total.....	1,12,800	1,27,777	1,30,468	...	2,691
Suspense Balance.					
Stock Purchase and Sales.	...	— 1,977	116	636	...
Stock			—3,426 —5,613		
Miscellaneous Advances			—2,303		
Grand Total.....	1,12,800	1,22,800	1,24,855	636	2,691
Net Excess.....		2,055		2,055	

Statement of Expenditure classified under the different Budget Heads for 1880—81.

Sub-Heads.	Outlay, 1880—81.		Total.	Original Allotment.			Modified Allotment.		
	Original Works.	Repairs.		Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.
Military	657	4,815	5,471	3,000	6,000	9,000	459	4,990	5,449
Irrigation, ordinary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Services { Civil Buildings	21,946	4,677	26,623	11,300	2,000	13,300	21,915	3,902	25,817
Communications	27,506	35,728	63,234	23,500	33,500	57,000	27,400	35,530	62,930
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	50,109	45,220	95,329			78,800			94,196
Establishment { Military	...	...	1,652	...	...	2,700	...	...	2,700
{ Other Services	...	...	29,787	...	...	28,300	...	...	28,300
Tools and Plant { Military	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...
{ Other Sources	...	...	3,123	...	...	2,700	...	...	2,581
Profit and Loss	...	...	577	...	...	...	...	...	...
Suspense Balances.									
Stock Purchase and Sales	...	...	116						
Stock	...	...	—2,426						—4,977
Miscellaneous Advances	...	...	—2,303						
Grand Total.....			1,24,855	37,500	41,000	*1,12,800	49,374	44,822	1,22,800

* Including Establishments, &c.

Statement showing the Imperial Expenditure incurred in the Public Works Department during the year 1880—81.

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.
ORDINARY EXPENDITURE.						
Military.						
Buildings for accommodation for troops ...	459	2,965	3,424			
General Cantonment works	...	3	3			
Fortifications	198	..	198			
Commissariat buildings	...	3	3			
Buildings for officers on the hills... ...	...	1,844	1,644			
Total Military.....	...	...	...	657	4,815	5,472
AGRICULTURAL.						
Other Services.						
Civil Buildings.						
Land Revenue buildings	9,361	3,334	12,695			
Jails	12,585	...	12,585			
Public Works buildings	...	334	334			
Post Offices	...	...	...			
Telegraph	...	1,009	1,009			
Total Civil Buildings.....	...	..	...	21,946	4,677	26,623
Communications.						
Road from Bangalore to Mangalore with branches northwards	...	20,392	20,392			
Road from Bangalore to Cannanore with branches northwards and southwards ...	27,506	15,336	42,842			
Total Communications.....	...	...	..	27,506	35,728	63,234
				Military.	Other Services.	Total.
Establishment	...	...	...	1,652	29,787	31,439
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	3,123	3,123
Profit and Loss	...	...	...	...	577	577
Fluctuation in Suspense Balances.						
Stock	...	...	..	...	...	—3,426
Stock Purchase and Sales	...	...	...	...	..	116
Miscellaneous Advances	...	...	...	...	...	—2,303
Net Ordinary Expenditure	...	...	...	...	...	1,24,855

Statement showing the Outlay incurred on Original Works in Coorg Division during the year 1880—81.

Division.	Budget Items.	Name of Work.	Original Budget Grant.	Modified Grant.	Outlay.	Difference compared with Modified Grant. More.	Difference compared with Modified Grant. Less.
Coorg Division.		*Military.*					
		Minor Works estimated to cost Rs. 2,500 and under...	3,000	459	459	...	...
		Constructing a rifle range at Mercara	...	...	198	198	...
		Total Military.....	3,000	459	657	198	...
		Civil Buildings.					
	1	Improvement to the Jail at Mercara	10,000	12,866	12,585	...	281
		Constructing Taluk and Nad Cutcherries at Sanivarsante	...	4,500	4,910	410	...
		Constructing a Nad Cutcherry at Ramaaswmikanave	...	2,700	2,647	...	53
		Do do Siddapur	...	1,300	1,329	29	...
		Minor Works estimated to cost Rs. 2,500 and under	1,300	549	475	...	74
		Total Civil Buildings.....	11,300	21,915	21,946	439	408
		Communications.					
	2	Opening out a road from Virarajendrapet to Periyapatna *vid* Siddapur	11,500	11,500	11,224	...	276
	3	Opening out a first class road from Mercara to Siddapur	11,500	15,500	16,019	519	...
		Minor Works estimated to cost Rs. 2,500 and under	500	...	263	263	...
		Total Communications.....	23,500	27,000	27,506	782	276
		Grand Total Rs.....	37,800	49,374	50,109	1,419	684

Statement showing Expenditure as compared with Grant from District Fund Budget, 1880—81.

Heads of Service.	Grant-in-aid to Imperial Budget.	Final Grant at end of the year.	Outlay.	Difference as compared with Final Grant.		Remarks.
				Short Outlay.	Excess Outlay.	
Original Works	...	12,074	7,878	4,196	...	
Repairs	6,000	18,800	16,487	2,313	...	
Establishment	...	3,420	3,374	46	...	
Tools and Plant	...	200	122	78	...	
Profit and Loss	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	6,000	34,494	27,861	6,633	...	
Suspense Balances.						
Stock Purchase and Sales	...	...	...	...	...	
Stock	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous Advances ...	...	...	...	...	...	
Grand Total.....	6,000	34,494	27,861	6,633	...	
Net Savings.....		6,633		6,633		

Statement showing the Outlay incurred on Civil Budget Works in the Coorg Division during the year 1880—81.

Name of Work.	No. of Works.	Original Grant.	Modified Grant.	Outlay.	Difference compared with Modified Grant.		Total Lapse.
					More.	Less.	
Minor Works estimated to cost Rs. 2,500 and under ...	37	3,800	3,800	2,953	...	847	
Total Rs...		3,800	3,800	2,253	...	847	

TELEGRAPHS.

106. There was a slight increase in the receipts of the Telegraph Department during the year: the sale proceeds of telegraph labels amounted to Rs. 5,401—8—0 against Rs. 5,311— 1—0 in the year previous.

107. The number of messages transmitted in comparison with the previous year was—

	1879—80.	1880—81.
Sent	1,902	1,939
Received	1,863	1,656
In transit	5,427	3,180

108. The cost of establishment including all charges came to Rs. 13,562—9—3. The re-construction of the Mercara-Tellicherry line was a heavy item of expenditure during the year.

POST OFFICE.

109. The postal receipts during the last year came to Rs. 15,989—10—6 or Rs. 331—0—8 less than in the previous year. Deducting Rs. 4,540—7—6 paid on account of service labels, the actual income from the public was Rs. 11,449—3—0. The introduction of post-cards, which are coming into more general use, accounts for the falling off.

110. Some improvement is perceptible in the more speedy delivery of letters from out-stations and in night travelling. Arrangements have yet to be completed for the appointment of rural messengers for the delivery of letters to outlying villages. Difficulty is experienced in procuring competent men as runners and messengers, owing to the competition of planters in the labor market. The cost of establishment and other charges came to Rs. 7,684—4—10.

IRRIGATION.

Nil.

V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(*A.*) IMPERIAL.

111. The total demand of the year amounted to Rs. 6,99,613 which is Rs. 6,883 more than in 1879—80. The items of account which show an increased demand are Forests amounting to Rs. 22,041, and in a small degree; Law and Justice, Telegraph, Jails and Education. On the other hand the demand on account of Land Revenue, Excise on spirits and drugs, Stamps, Post Office and Registration fell off.

112. The Land Revenue demand decreased by reason of relinquishment of coffee estates, which reduced the demand for coffee assessment by Rs. 12,421, but on the other hand the ryotvari assessment demand increased by Rs. 1,669 through the operation of the system of placing a progressive rate on lands newly taken up, the sale proceeds of waste lands too increased by Rs. 1,827 and on the whole the net reduction of demand was Rs. 8,875.

113. The increased Forest demand accrued in consequence chiefly of larger sales of timber and sandalwood, though there was an increase also under the head of minor forest produce.

114. The demand on account of excise on spirits and drugs again fell. In the previous year remission was granted to the abkari contractor on account of the losses he had sustained by high prices and short consumption during the famine. In the past year a new contract was entered into, with a progressive rate of payment beginning at Rs. 1,45,000 and increasing by three yearly increments to Rs. 1,55,000. In minor items the excise demand improved, and the net decrease was Rs. 4,722.

115. In the other heads the fluctuations from the demand of the year previous are not such as to call for comment, except perhaps in Jails where a considerable increase is obtained by the successful working of the Mercara Jail Press and Bakery.

116. The balance due at the close of 1879—80 was Rs. 2,34,214, but from that has to be deducted Rs. 13,952 struck off as irrecoverable and remitted. This leaves a balance of Rs. 2,19,262 to be added to the demand of the year, which was as above stated Rs. 6,99,613. The total amount for collection thus becomes Rs. 9,00,875. The realisations amounted to Rs. 7,06,114 leaving a balance of Rs. 2,01,761. But in this balance was included a sum of Rs. 1,43,146, the demand of the current year falling due in instalments after its close and as much as Rs. 79,060 had been recovered up to the end of June. Of the rest Rs. 39,792 belonged to balances of 1880—81 and Rs. 21,040 to balances of previous years.

117. The gross receipts on account of Imperial revenue however amounted to Rs. 7,42,325, the net receipts after deducting charges against income being Rs. 5,86,425. Expenditure from net income totalled Rs. 3,45,948 leaving a surplus on Imperial revenue of Rs. 2,40,477.

118. The realisations on account of Land Revenue amounted to Rs. 3,53,295; the demand was Rs. 3,21,182; the increased receipts over the demand accrued principally in coffee assessment. The demand on account of Forests, on the other hand, was not realised, the collections on account of timber and sandalwood worked by the department being considerably short of the demand. Abkari too produced less than the demand, the falling off being in the item of still-head duty on which account Rs. 1,50,073 were collected against a demand of Rs. 1,45,000. In other heads of account the realisations followed the figures of the demand very closely.

*

119. Charges against income, including refunds, came to Rs. 1,65,567 against Rs. 1,87,910; the principal cause of the difference being the great decrease in refunds paid from Land Revenue. These amounted to Rs. 33,123 in 1879—80 and only to Rs. 1,098 in the subsequent year. For the rest the charges were slightly in excess of the previous year's figures, for though the cost of collection under Land Revenue decreased by the reduced cost of the Survey establishment, and the expenditure was less under "Allowances and Assignments," still the charges under Forests, Post Office, and Telegraphs all increased, and the small decrease of expenditure in Registration went but little towards balancing the increase.

120. Expenditure from net income came to Rs. 3,45,948 showing a decrease upon the amount of the previous year which was Rs. 3,61,056, owing to a decreased expenditure of Rs. 14,000 on Military, and smaller outlay by Rs. 11,000 on Public Works.

121. At the close of 1879—80 the cash balance in the Coorg Treasuries was Rs. 8,49,137. The net revenue collected, including items of local revenue, was Rs. 6,30,467; revenue received but paid away and charged against income, amounted to Rs. 1,7,206; deposits amounted to Rs. 63,563; receipts on account of bills drawn on other Treasuries amounted to Rs. 1,30,596, of which Rs. 80,382 were for Post Office orders; remittances from other Treasuries were received to the extent of Rs. 25,000; and these sums with a small amount on account of repayment of advances bring up the total cash transactions of the Treasury on the credit side to Rs. 18,56,289. Disbursements, which include a remittance in currency notes amounting to Rs. 4,60,500, came to Rs. 11,41,660, and a cash balance of Rs. 7,14,629 was left at the close of the year. Although therefore a Government remittance of Rs. 4,60,500 was made from Coorg during the year, the cash balance was only reduced by about Rs. 1,35,000. The surplus on the revenue including local revenues was Rs. 2,16,843 and remittances were received to the extent of Rs. 25,000; the rest of the gain in the Treasury transactions is accounted for by the fact that Treasury bills were only paid to the extent of Rs. 44,000, but drawn to the extent of Rs. 1,30,600 and this great difference was almost entirely due to the transactions in Post Office orders, the receipts in Treasuries for issue of orders coming nearly to Rs. 80,400, whereas only Rs. 5 were paid for orders paid in Coorg.

(B.) REVENUE AND FINANCE (OTHER THAN IMPERIAL).

122. The balance outstanding on account of District Funds at the beginning of the year was Rs. 1,620; the demand of the year was Rs. 30,665 bringing the total amount for collection to Rs. 32,285. Collections and remissions amounted to Rs. 31,142, the balance left for collection being Rs. 1,143. The cost of collection charged against income being Rs. 490, the net revenue was Rs. 30,642; the expenditure shown in the accounts of the year from net income amounted to Rs. 31,193, but regarding this the Superintendent writes as follows—"As the Comptroller General does not adjust monthly the expenditure incurred by the Department Public Works, the sum given does not fairly represent the work done, as it includes also expenditure of previous years adjusted under orders from the Comptroller General, and the disbursements from the Treasury." The Local Fund accounts opened with a balance of Rs. 5,878.

123. Municipal Funds opened with a balance of Rs. 16,941. The income of the year was Rs. 14,213 exhibiting a decrease in the year before, in which the collection of outstanding balances had raised the receipts above the normal income of the year. Expenditure, which had to be economized to keep it within the limits of the available funds, amounted to Rs. 17,388, of which Rs. 814 were refunds and cost of collection charged against income, and Rs. 16,574 was disbursed from net revenue. The balance of the Municipal Funds at the close of the year was Rs. 13,766.

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

CENSUS.

124. A general census of the population of Coorg, the second of its kind that has ever been attempted, was taken on the night of the 17th February 1881. It was preceded by a preliminary enumeration, commencing on the 3rd January 1881 and ending on or about the middle of the following month. The object of this preliminary enumeration was to facilitate the taking of the final census and to ensure greater accuracy. The Enumerators had been instructed to enter in their schedules the names and other particulars of only the permanent inmates of a dwelling. They had thus ample time and opportunity to rectify and correct any omissions and errors. When the time arrived for taking the final census, all that the Enumerators had to do was to revise the schedules according to the names of the people they then found in a house, striking out those that were absent and inserting the names and other particulars of any new arrival. The results were on the whole satisfactory. No serious difficulty was experienced and the enumeration was made with as much accuracy as could be expected in a hilly country covered with forests and where the dwelling houses are very much isolated.

125. Coorg being comparatively of small importance both as regards area and population, no separate Deputy Superintendent was appointed to supervise the census operations; but Major H. M. S. Magrath, the 1st Assistant Superintendent in Coorg, was deputed to the work and to write the report in addition to his other duties, receiving an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem.

126. It is reported that there was some difficulty in overcoming the prejudices of the Muhammadan section of the population, who evinced the usual disinclination to disclose the required particulars regarding their *Gosha* women; but this was doubtless the experience of census officials all over the peninsula of India.

The only other hitch was with regard to the enumeration of the coolies and others on some of the European coffee estates, the owners of which did not render the needful assistance. But the difficulty was finally and successfully overcome.

127. The work of abstraction and tabulation, which commenced on the 7th March, was brought to a close and the report written by the 10th August 1881. The progress made did not in any instance come up to the standard of 400 names per Clerk per diem fixed by the Census Commissioner. The reports received from the Census Officer from time to time show that the number of names abstracted into a complete set of working registers by a Clerk per diem ranged from 227 to 382. But it must be borne in mind that in a small and isolated Province like Coorg, it is difficult to obtain a sufficient number of men of the same intelligence and aptitude for the work as are available in larger centres of population.

128. The population of Coorg as now ascertained and contrasted with the results of the census of 1871 is exhibited below :—

	1881.	1871.
Male	100,439	94,454
Female	77,863	73,858
Total ..	178,302	168,312

The population, it will be seen, has increased by 9,990 or 6 per cent during the past decade. This is believed to be the rate of increase for the same period for the whole of India taken in the aggregate.

129. An increase is perceptible in all the taluks of the Province, Padinalknad and Yelsavirshime excepted, where there is a falling off of 4,131 and 2,418 respectively. It is well known that while Yedenalknad, the taluk which shows the greatest increase, is the rising centre of the coffee industry, many estates in Padinalknad have been abandoned during the decade. Padinalknad has a population of 70·50 to the square mile and is the most sparsely inhabited taluk, but standing second in order with regard to size : whereas Yelsavirshime is the smallest with a density of 180·70 and is the most thickly populated taluk, Yedenalknad excepted.

130. The increase of population generally is attributed to increased trade and development of the coffee industry. But it must be observed at the same time that 6 per cent is below the normal rate of increase in countries possessing a fair climate and not devastated by periodical famine, pestilence or other abnormal causes which drain the population of a country. Coorg was subjected to none of these, the famine of 1877 which decimated the population of the adjoining Province of Mysore, leaving Coorg comparatively untouched.

131. The area of the Province, according to the recent Topographical survey, is 1,582·81 square miles ; the density of population is therefore 112·64 per square mile. In 1871 the area was computed to be 2,000 square miles and the population of that year calculated thereon gave 84·20 per mile, but calculated on the true area it was 107 per mile.

132. The subjoined statement exhibits the particulars of area, population, its increase and decrease and density for each taluk, according to the present census and that of 1871, adopting the correct area in both instances :—

	Taluk.	Area in Square Miles.	Population in 1881.	Density per Square Mile.	Population of 1871.	Density per Square mile.	Increase and Decrease of Population.
1	Kiggatnad	410·45	31,230	76·08	27,738	67·58	+3,492
2	Padinalknad	399·90	28,219	70·56	32,350	80·89	—4,131
3	Nanjarajpatna	263·89	26,984	102·25	26,159	99·12	+825
4	Mercara	216·30	34,088	157·59	32,132	148·55	+1,956
5	Yedenalknad	201·45	41,370	205·36	31,104	154·40	+10,266
6	Yelsavirshime	90·82	16,411	180·70	18,829	207·32	—2,418
	Total ...	1,582·81	178,302	112·64	168,312	106·33	+9,990

133. The number of towns and villages is 503, of inhabited houses 22,357 and uninhabited 3,233; the number of towns and villages to the square mile is therefore 31: of houses 16·16 and persons per occupied house 7·97. It may be observed here that there is only one town in Coorg which may appropriately be termed as such on account of the fact of its containing more than 5,000 inhabitants.

134. The distribution of population according to the main divisions of religion contrasted with the results of the census of 1871 is as follows —

			1881		1871.
Hindus	..	..	162,489		154,476
Muhammadans	..	..	12,541		11,304
Jains	..	..	99		112
Parsis	..	..	21		10
Christians—					
Roman Catholics	..	2,508		2,039	
Protestants of all denominations	..	644		371	
			3,152		2,410
			178,302		168,312

135. The civil condition is—

		Males.	Females.
Single	..	54,118	30,969
Married	..	41,231	31,926
Widowed	..	5,090	14,968

136. There are 30,986 males and 28,911 females, who are below 14 years of age. The percentage of the boys and girls to the entire population is, therefore, 17 and 16 respectively. The adult males above 14 years of age number 69,453 and females 48,952. The percentage here is 39 and 28 respectively. In the census of 1871, the proportion per cent of the adults and children of each sex was men 38, boys 17, women 28 and girls 16 per cent, being almost identical. But in the previous census, the period dividing the children from adults was 12 years. 5,023 persons have reached the age of 50 years and 4,267 are 60 and upwards, being 2·82 and 2·40 per cent, respectively, of the entire population.

137. The number of persons belonging to each of the principal divisions of castes is given below and contrasted with the figures of the previous census:—

	1881.	1871.
Brahmans	2,445	3,270
Rajputs	480	255
Coorgs	26,558	26,089
Amma Coorgs	475	300
Other castes of good social position, Hindu.	56,801	
Inferior castes and tribes	21,100	124,562
Non-Hindu or aboriginal castes and tribes.	54,630	
Muhammadans	12,541	11,304
Jains	99	112
Parsis	21	10
Europeans	228	181
Eurasians	287	229
Native Christians..	2,637	2,000
	178,302	168,312

138. The Amma Coorgs, unlike the other Coorgs, abstain from spirituous liquors and are vegetarians. They hold much the same place among the Coorgs as Brahmans among other Hindus. It is to be remarked that they have increased by 175 or 55 per cent, whereas the Brahmans, on the other hand, have decreased by 825, or 25 per cent. The decrease in the Brahman element is doubtless due to the well known aversion the Coorgs entertain to Brahmanical influence; another reason is perhaps the unsuitability of the climate. The other castes show an increase more or less all round except Jains who have fallen off slightly.

139. The official language in Coorg is Kannada or Canarese and is spoken by more than half of the population. The following extract from the Gaztteer of Coorg gives an interesting description of the Coorg language :—

* * * * "But this small mountain clan of Coorgs with their former slaves, the Holeyas, have a language of their own, called Kodagu. It appears to be a dialect of Kannada bearing a close relation to the older forms of the language. 'On the whole, it seems safest to regard it,' says, Dr. Caldwell, 'as standing about midway between old Canarese and Tulu.' The old Coorg chants (*palamé*) have been written for ages past with Kannada letters."

"A Coorg grammar was, for the first time, published in 1867, by Major Cole, then Superintendent of Coorg, and some specimens of Coorg songs, with an epitome of the grammar, were published by the Revd. A. Graetor of Mangalore in 1870. The Kodagu language, according to Mr. Richter, is a convenient medium for conversation ; by its contracted rounded forms, with abrupt terminations in half vowels, it does not require a great exertion of the organs of speech, and admits of chewing betel and retaining the precious juice whilst the flow of conversation is uninterruptedly carried on. Indeed a beginner should practise the pronunciation with his mouth half full of water, till he can speak without spilling any. Though it has not the force and expressiveness of the Canarese, it glides more readily over the lips. It is rich in words and forms, and, as the Coorg chants attest, admirably suited for expressing easy flowing poetry of a humorous or solemn strain."

* * * * * * * * *

The other languages current are Malayalam, Tulu, Hindustani, Telugu, Tamil, Marahatti and Konkani.

140. The birth places of the great bulk of the population are confined to Coorg, Mysore and Madras, as exhibited below :—

Coorg	103,437
Mysore	48,688
Madras	24,895

leaving a small balance of 1,282, who come from other parts of the world.

141. The occupations of the people may be divided into five general classes, *viz.*, the professional, the domestic, the commercial, the agricultural and the industrial. Persons of no specified occupation are included under a separate head. The following table contrasts as far as possible, the figures now returned with those obtained in 1871, the laborers under each head being shown separately: —

Class.	1881.				1871.		Remarks.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Percentage to entire Population.	Total.	Percentage to entire Population.	
Professional	2,756	60	2,816	1·58	2,807	1·70	
Domestic	2,102	12,035	14,137	7·92	3,319	1·97	Male and female are not shown separately in the Report of 1871.
Commercial	4,449	1,113	5,562	3·12	1,555	·92	
Agricultural	21,409	12,548	33,957	19·04	21,248	12·63	
Industrial	6,842	708	7,550	4·24	6,671	3·96	
Persons of no specified occupation. ...	23,264	26,929	50,193	28·15	87,952	52·26	
Laborers—							
Agricultural laborers... ...	18,951	11,151	25,102				
Coffee estate laborers... ...	17,784	9,109	26,893		Not shown separately.		
Herdsmen	2,215	206	2,421				
General laborers under Industrial ...	5,667	4,004	9,671				
Total Laborers ...	39,617	24,470	64,087	3595	44,700	26·56	

142. There is a falling off in the professional class, but this is so trifling that it calls for no remark.

143. The marked increase in the domestic class, more than four times what it was in 1871, is probably due to many women being shown as domestic servants who were not so included in 1871, for no less than 12,035, out of the total number of 14,137, are females.

144. The commercial class has also increased by about 3½ times; this may be attributed to the great advance made in trade.

145. Of the 33,957 agriculturists, representing 19·04 of the entire population, as against only 12·62 in 1871, 10,725 have an interest in the land and its produce in various ways, as distinguished from those who are only dependants; 239 are coffee planters, 275 superintendents and clerks on coffee estates, and the remainder 22,718 are represented as dependent on the *arambagaru* or farmer. The proportion of the agriculturists having a direct interest in the soil, exclusive of coffee planters, to the entire population, is, therefore, no more than 6 per cent. The agricultural population as a whole, however, has increased by nearly 7 per cent during the last decade.

146. The small increase in the industrial class calls for no comment, but the disparity in the numbers of persons of no specified occupation is remarkable and must be due, in a great measure, to a more thorough and accurate enumeration of employments, a circumstance which will ever have to be borne in mind, when comparing the statistics of 1871 with 1881, in modification of the conclusions to be drawn.

147. Education in Coorg is still in a backward state as compared with some other countries, but an improvement is noticeable when the present results are compared with those of the census of 1871, as will be seen from the following statement:—

Sex.	1881.				1871.		
	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	Total.	Percentage on male and female population respectively.	Number able to read and write and under instruction.	Percentage on male and female population respectively.	Remarks.
Male ...	8,839	4,268	13,107	13·00	8,142	8·62	The number under instruction was not shown separately in the Census Report of 1878.
Female ...	356	431	787	1·02	290	·40	
Total.....	9,195	4,699	13,894	*7·80	8,432	*5·00	*Percentage on the entire population.

It is remarkable that among the females, the number under instruction is larger than the number able to read and write, an indication that some fresh encouragement to female education has recently been given.

148. There are only 417 persons afflicted with one or other of the infirmities of blindness, deafness and dumbness, idiocy, lunacy and the disease leprosy, or a percentage of ·20 of the entire population. This contrasts favorably with the result of the last census, when the number returned was 794, or ·47 per cent of the population. There are no British-born subjects afflicted with any of the above infirmities.

149. The number of Europeans is returned as 228; of whom 172 are males and 65 females against 181, *viz.*, 126 males and 55 females in 1871. There is, therefore, an increase of 46 males and 1 female. The great bulk of the European population consists of coffee planters or is in some way connected with the coffee industry.

150. Mercara or Mahadeopet is the only place in Coorg which comes under the definition of a town having more than 5,000 inhabitants. The number of persons returned is 8,383 or 4,800 males and 3,583 females. The increase is 237 since the census of 1871. The area of the town site is 1,792 acres; the density of the population is, therefore, 4·67 persons to the acre.

These schools are conducted by Christian Missions—Catholic and Protestant—under Government inspection. One of these is the only Girls' school in the Province.

167. The total number of schools that were under Government inspection during the year was 59 and the total number of pupils under instruction were 2,792 against 2,565 in the previous year. Of this number 274 were girls. Besides these there were 28 Unaided schools containing 431 pupils and their fee receipts amounted to Rs. 1,532.

168. The receipts in the Government schools amounted to Rs. 7,516, of which Rs. 1,950 were fees and Rs. 5,565 income from the "Plough Tax." These figures show an increase of Rs. 332 on the previous year. The receipts from fees in the Aided schools rose from Rs. 84 to Rs. 221. The expenditure for the year on the part of Government amounted to Rs. 23,246, of which Rs. 17,098 were debited to State and 6,148 to Local Funds. On instruction alone in the Government and Aided schools the expenditure amounted to Rs. 18,931, of which Rs. 12,679 were charged to Provincial and Rs. 6,252 to Local Funds.

169. The Normal School consisted of 6 students. The Master is reported to be a painstaking man, but the students are not considered sufficiently intelligent to benefit by his labors. Although students are more easily obtainable than in former years, the difficulty of securing qualified candidates is much felt.

VIII. ARCHÆOLOGY.

Nil.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

Nil.

APPENDICES,

STATISTICAL TABLES.

APPENDICES.

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I. STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY OF THE TERRITORIES UNDER THE CIVIL AND POLITICAL CONTROL OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

1. *Statement of Physical, Political and Fiscal Geography for* 1880—81.

	Total area in square miles.				Unappropriated culturable waste in acres.			Communication—mileage of—		Rail Roads.
	Cultivated.	Culturable.	Unculturable.	Total.	Remaining last year.	Sold or granted during the year.	Remaining at the close of the year.	Waters distinguishing navigable rivers and canals.	Made roads, 1st and 2nd Class.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
British Possessions... ...	189	102	1,281	1,572	69,701	684	65,080	...	140	
Total.....	189	102	1,281	1,572	69,701	684	65,080	...	140	
Native States	189	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Grand Total.....	189	102	1,281	1,572	69,701	684	65,080	...	140	

Details of Column 7.

279	Increase in area of coffee lands found on survey and concealed cultivation
196	Waste lands sold.
97	Hosagame lands taken up for planting food grains.
102	Waste lands. do
10	Jaghir lands do
684	Converted to Jamma.

Details of Column 8.

30,313	Unplanted area of coffee plantations.
33,359	Estimated area of cardamom jungles unplanted
1,408	Culturable wet and dry lands, waste and unassessed.
65,080	
4,765	Add decrease in unplanted area of coffee plantations.
69,845	
144	Deduct decrease in culturable wet and dry. Lands.
69,701	
500	Deduct area of coffee estates transferred from unplanted in column 8, to planted in column 2.
69,201	
4,740	Deduct area of coffee estates resigned and resumed and transferred to column 4.
64,461	
475	Add increase in area of coffee lands transferred from column 4.
64,936	
144	Add cultivated lands in column 2 and add to column 8.
65,080	

2. *Character of the Surface*, 1880—81.

Nature of different tracts.	Names, Area and Physical Description of each tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
	Vide Report for 1870—71.		

The opening para in which Coorg is described as one great forest no longer applies, as the greater portion of the forest has for some time past given way under the axe of the coffee planter.

3. *Climate.*

Place at which observations taken and year for which taken.	Rain-fall in Inches.				Average Temperature in the year.									Prevailing winds.			Remarks.
					May.			July.			December.						
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Mean.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Mean.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Mean.	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	
Mercara Jail ...	8·85	110·80	16·53	136·18	87°	65°	76°	69°	62°	65°	76°	51°	63°	No observations.			

I. B. POLITICAL RELATIONS.

1. *Native States.*

Name of State.	Is subsidiary Allegiant or tributary.	Tribute to Non or Money.	Population.	Supposed Gross Revenue.	Military Force.	Transit Duties as est.	(General relations of Prudency to adjoining Sovereigns and Powers.)
				Rs.			

2. *Native Chiefs and Principal Male Members of their Families.*

Names of Individuals, State and Family to which they belong.	Present Position.	Caste, Tribe and Religion.	Age.	How educated.	How employed.	Has Natural Capacity been developed.	How much has it cost.	Family History. Pedigree. Titles. Honours.
1. The fully legitimate son of the late Cang Raja who was residing at Benares died on the 19th January 1874.								
2. Dewanmull, the elder of the late Dewan Chimmiddin Wahiyat, and widow dower of Chimna Bangia, is now residing at Benares. He has a jaghir for maintenance from Govt.	Pensioner.							
3. Ramchunder Wahiyat, and widow dower of the late Ex-Raja of Cang, is now residing at Benares. He has a village Patwai in Bangalore District worth Rs. 18,000 and has property in Benares worth Rs. 60,000 or 70,000.	Pensioner.							
4. Ramanna, widow of the late Ex-Raja of Cang, and mother of the late Ex-Raja of Cang, has a debt of Rs. 1,000. She has no sons.	Draws a pension of Rs. 150 per annum from Govt.	Br	27	Knows Canarese.	Lives either at Benares or at her own house.	Fair. Better than others. Office Bearer. Head of Indian Government.		
5. Chimmanna, widow of the late Venkatesa, an illegitimate son of the late Ex-Raja of Cang, has a debt of Rs. 1,000. She has no sons.	Draws a pension of Rs. 100 per annum from Govt.	Br	24	Do	Do	—		
6. Parvatamma, widow of the late Nagaraj an illegitimate son of the Ex-Raja of Cang, has a debt of Rs. 1,000. She has no sons.	Do.	Br	27	Do	Do	—		
7. Kalamma is a concubine of the late Ex-Raja of Cang.	Draws a pension of Rs. 50 per annum from Govt.	Br	60	Not. counted.	Do	—		
8. Kalamma is a concubine of the late Ex-Raja of Cang. She has a debt of Rs. 2,500.	Do	Do	60	Do	Do	—		
9. Subbamma is a concubine of the late Ex-Raja of Cang.	Do	Do	60	Do	Do	—		
10. Subbakrishnamma is a concubine of the late Ex-Raja of Cang.								
11. Jasodra Bai is a concubine of the late Ex-Raja of Cang. She has a debt of Rs. 500. Mahadeo Prasad aged 10, and Kishor Prasad aged 8. The latter is a minor.	Draws a pension of Rs. 50 per annum from Govt.	Sa.Sra. Hindoo.	28	Do	Do	—		Has five sons Mahadeo Prasad and Kishor Prasad.

1. C. CIVIL DIVISIONS OF BRITISH TERRITORY.

Name of Civil Subordinating.	Number of Districts of Division.	Number of Subdivisions, Pergunnahs or Talukas.	Area in square Miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.	Number of Villages.	Number of Police and Revenue Officers.	Number of Courts of Justice and Classes of Suits cognizable by them.	Revenue.		Remarks.
									Land.	Gross.	
Coorg.	1	3 Pergunnahs or Talukas.	1,582 square miles.	Enumerated 84,220 Unenumerated 5,413	1 Cutcherry. Mercara.	523	Superintendent 1 Assistant 1 Tahsildars 3 Sheristadars 3 Police Officers 2 Police Inspectors 3 Police Sergeants 6 Police Constables 240	Moonsiffs decide in all civil cases. Appeal lies to Deputy Commissioner. Deputy Commissioner decides in all civil cases. Appeal lies to Chief Commissioner.	Rs. 2,51,215. 12. 1	Rs. 2,64,768. 3. 9	The tax on lands has not yet been levied. The Land Revenue Settlement is not complete. It is expected that the tax on lands will be levied in 1876-77.

I. D. POPULATION.

District.	Inhabited Towns.	Population.		Classification of Population.						Average Size.	Remarks.
	Number of Towns and Villages.	Total.	Per Square Mile.	Christians.	Europeans, Eurasians, and other allied Races.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Aboriginals.	Number of Persons living in each House.
Sd. special.	1,261	1,261,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Ct. special.	1,261	1,261,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Group.	2,522	2,522,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

I. E. FISCAL.

SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT.

1. *Survey.*

Area previously surveyed.		Cost per square mile.	Surveyed, doubted and finally cancelled during 1880—81.			Cost per square mile.		Remarks.
	Topographical Survey.	Revenue.	Topographical Survey.	Revenue.				
Trigonometrically.	Topographically not by Ch.	Accurately detailed at a cost of	Trigonometrical.	Topographically not by Ch.	Subsidiary detail not surveyed.	Trigonometrical.	Cadastral Survey and Settlement including establishment.	
Sd.								
414 Villages.	1,261·61 Square Miles (Two sets.)	Cadastral Survey and Settlement = 4,41,000 Rs. Cadastral Survey = 1,10,000 Rs. Settlement = 3,31,000 Rs.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Cadastral Survey and Settlement = 4,41,000 Rs. Cadastral Survey = 1,10,000 Rs. Settlement = 3,31,000 Rs.	
214 Villages.	1,261·61 Square Miles (Two sets.)		Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.		
		Rs. 35—8—10 on average.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Rs. 3—3—0 per Square Mile.	
		Rs. 1—14—5 per acre on average.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Rs. 3—3—0 per Square Mile.	

2. *Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres for* 1880—81.

Group.	Cultivated.				Uncultivated.			Assessment.			Remarks.
	Per Government Survey.	By private individuals.	Total.	Grazing land.	Cultivable.	Uncultivable.	Total acres not assessed.	Gross Assessment.	Rate per acre on cultivable.	Rate per acre on assessed area.	
Sd.	100	By Government Survey.	44,647	Cubic yards supplied 30,312.		33,838					
		By Surveyed by ryots.	66,703								
	100		110,350	30,312	33,838	105,415		Rs. 3,30,325—0—3	Rs. 2—31—1	Rs. 2—31—1	
Ct.									Rs. 2—31—1	Rs. 2—31—1	
									Rs. 2—31—1	Rs. 2—31—1	

Rs. 2—3—3 per acre for Cubic cubitage.
Rs. 1—14—5 per acre for Cubic cubitage.

	Rs.
Land Assessment of cubic ...	1,30,325 0 3
Miscellaneous ...	1,30,325 0 3
Cubic assessment ...	1,30,325 0 3
Miscellaneous Items ...	1,30,325 0 3
	Total 3,30,325—0—3

* Dry land ...	...	...	1,325
Garden ...	...	...	10
Cubic yards ...	...	...	47,500
Cardamoms ...	...	...	210
	Total ...		49,045

3. *Varieties of Tenure held direct from Government during the year 1880—81.*

Nature of Tenure	Number of Estates	No. less if Villages	Number of Acres and share holder	Gross Area in Acres	Average rent of each Estate	Average Assessment of each Estate	Revenue Rate per Acre.	Assessed Rate per Acre.
1. Great Zemindars paying more than Rs. 10,000	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2. Do Rs. 5,000	...	...	1	2,613	7,613	2,215-- 0--0		
3. Small Zemindars other than cultivating communities	1,084	...	242	41,257	4188	75--1--9	1--13--4	1--13--4
4. Proprietary cultivators paying separately, including small village paying less than Rs. 100	25,189	...	14,978	94,058	235	7--12--1	0--3--4	0--3--4
5. Proprietary cultivating communities paying in common	80	...	79	16,420	205 1/4	137--3--4	1	1
6. Holders of rent-free tenure	933	...	930	5,160	5 5/8	...		
7. Land holders who had reformed tenure	...	...	...	...	...	...		
8. Coolcarnee tenure	217	...	153	33,602	154 3/4	98--10--3	Land Revenue ... Cesses ...	Land Revenue ... Cesses ...
9. Purchasers of waste land	10	...	10	166	16 6/5	16 5/2		
Total ...	27,513	512	15,773	1,43,340	...	...		

Statement comparing the Figures shown in Fiscal Statement No. 2 and 3 with Statement A, Physical Geography, for 1880—81.

	Fiscal Statement No. 2.	Fiscal Statement No. 3.	Statement.	A, Physical Geography.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Square miles.
Irrigated by Government works ...	599			
Rice-soil	114,253			
	114,852	114,852		
Add Jungle lands	3,160	3,160		
		118,012	42,373	199
Coloorahs with cultie	30,318			
Uncultivable coolcarnee Jungle waste	33,359			
	63,677	63,677	81,672	
Area unsurveyed	14,595	1,45,241		
Cultivable wet and dry lands unassessed lying waste not shown in columns Nos. 2 and 3 as the holdings do not require it.	...	...	7,468	
			89,140	105

4. *Varieties of Tenure not held direct from Government for 1880—81.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Holdings.	Average area of each Holding.	Average Rent of each Holding.	Average Rent Rate per Acre.

E, FISCAL.

8. *Register of Transfers*, 1880—81.

Nature of Tenure transferred	Number of Transfers recorded.			Average area in acres of each holding transferred.			Remarks.
	By sales by auction or otherwise.	By compulsory sale or sale under decree.	By inheritance.	By sales by auction or otherwise.	By compulsory sale or sale under decree.	By inheritance.	
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
Great Zemindaris complete							
Shares in do do							
Large Zemindaris							
Shares in do							
Village owned by cultivating communities ...							
Shares in do do do							
Holdings of proprietary cultivators ...	402	18	225	10·26	2·05	2·40	
Intermediate holdings of transferable character ...							
Holdings of ryots at fixed rents	49	...	1	0·68	...	0·63	
Cudumeeas renters							
Holdings of ryots with right of occupancy							
Ryotwar fee tenures							

N. B.—Transfers from one tenure to another are not included in this.

6. *Land Revenue*, 1880—81.

	Revenue current, 1881—82.	Last year realized.	Revenue current, 1882—83.	This year realized.	Cost of Collection, but Collection during the year.	Outstanding items.	Number of suits in which Decrees or Orders were passed.	Amount of arrears for which suits were brought, but which is withheld by special reasons.
From settled ryotwar tenures current in past year	2,34,391 2 2	1,81,544 8 6	2,34,391 2 2	1,81,396 13 5				
Settled estates added to revenue during the present year	.....	.....	4,425 0 6	.....				
Settled estates taken off revenue during the present year ...	13,172 2 8					Rs. 5,036—11—3		
Collections from Government estates ...						Rs. 140,985—6—7		
Income from sale of Government estate ...	120 0 11	120 0 11	1,047 9 6	1,102 7 0		Previous year ... 14,207—12—5 Current year ... 3,42,241—15—0 1,57,107—8—5	210—0—0	3,209—0—8
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in the above ...	10,260 2 5	10,320 2 7	10,332 2 1	10,866 9 6				
Total ...	*3,59,096 13 10	1,97,985 3 6	2,51,161 12 9	1,76,699 12 8				

STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATIVE.

1. *Statement of the Acts of the Governor General in Council extended to the Province of Coorg during the year 1880—81.*

No. of Act.	Title or Purport of Act.	No. and Date of Notification or Orders of the Government of India extending Act to Coorg.	Remarks.
Regulation No. III of 1880 ...	To declare and amend the law relating to the collection of the Public Revenue in the Province of Coorg	Notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated Simla, the 24th September 1880, No. 15.	
	Under the provisions of Section 2 of Act XIV of 1880, "The Indian Coinage Act," is extended to Coorg	Notification of the Chief Commissioner, dated 20th November 1880.	

2. *Statement of Bills proposed or pending in the Legislature of Coorg.*

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of the Bill.	When introduced.	When rejected or withdrawn.	If pending, why and in what state.
Nil.					

3. *Statement of Draft Bills submitted by the Chief Administrative Authority of the Province for the consideration of the Legislature of India.*

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of the Bill.	Date, Result or present position of the proposed Bill.
Nil.			

JUDICIAL (*Civil and Criminal*).

1. *Statement showing the Number of Judicial Divisions and the Number of Officers exercising Appellate or Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Coorg on the last day of the year 1880, with the Cost of Tribunals.*

Name of Province.			Area.	Population.	Number of Districts for Courts under Chief Courts of Districts.	Number of Talooks.	Number of Sub-Divisions.	Total Number of Officers exercising Original or Appellate Jurisdiction. Judges of Chief Court of Province.	Natives of class ordinarily employed as Chief Police Court.	Judges of Chief Courts of Districts.	Natives of District Courts (Sudder Chief Courts.	Judges of other Subordinate Courts.	Total.	Total Number of Cases decided. Original. Regular.	Original. Miscellaneous.	Appeals. Regular.	Appeals. Miscellaneous.	Total Receipts of the Courts.	Total Charges of the Courts.	Remarks.
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Province of Coorg.	Territory subject to the Judicial Commissioner's Court.	Civil...	1,272·07	189,312	...	1	3	1	...	1	2	13	2,072	321	*133	28	52,546—3—11	45,801—5—6	*The appeals dispose of by the Judicial Commissioner are also included.
		Criminal ...			...	1	3	1	1	1	2	19	1,005	15	*28	6			
		Total...	1,272·07	189,312	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,078	336	161	34	52,546	3 11	45,801—5—6

ABSTRACT.

Courts.

Grades of Courts.		Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
Native Officers...	11 Peraputtagars	11	8	...	...
	8 Talookdars	8	8	...	...
	1 Ist Asst. Superintendent	1	1	...	...
European Officers	1 1st Assistant Superintendent.	1	1	1	1
	1 Superintendent	1	1	1	1
	1 District and Sessions Judge of the 4th Sessions Division and Sessions Judge of Coorg.	1	...	...	...
	1 Judicial Commissioner	...	...	1	1

H. S. JUDICIAL (Criminal).

2. *Statement of Offences reported and of Persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offence in the Province of Ceara in the year 1889.*

Description of Offence.	Number of offences reported.	Number of cases returned as true.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	Number of Persons—					
				Under trial at end of year, or pending from previous year.	Number of the Acquitted.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Offences against the State, Chapter VI of the Imperial Penal Code	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do relating to the Army and Navy, Chapter VII	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do against the public tranquility do VIII.	1	1	1	10	6	4	—	—	
Do by or relating to public servants do IX.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants do X.	16	17	17	25	13	12	—	—	
False evidence and offences against public justice do XI	7	6	6	13	6	7	—	—	
Offences relating to coin and Government stamps do. XII.	5	5	5	8	2	7	—	—	
Do relating to weights and measures do XIII.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals do XIV.	7	6	6	6	2	4	—	—	
Do relating to religion do XV.	2	2	2	4	4	—	—	—	
Offences affecting life ...	7	7	7	10	7	3	—	—	
Causing of miscarriage; injuries to unborn children; exposure of infants and the concealment of births ...	2	1	1	2	1	...	—	—	
Hurt	69	67	63	117	38	79	—	—	
Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI. Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement.	12	12	12	20	11	11	—	—	
Criminal force and assault ...	356	341	341	882	419	173	—	—	
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and unlawful labor.	2	2	2	2	2	...	—	—	
Rape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Unnatural offence ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Theft	132	120	117	209	107	96	—	6	
Extortion	1	1	1	2	...	...	—	2	
Robbery and Dacoity ...	9	7	6	59	20	7	—	32	
Criminal misappropriation of property. ...	7	8	8	10	8	2	—	—	
Offences against property, Chapter XVII. Criminal breach of trust ...	8	8	8	10	8	2	—	—	
Receiving of stolen property ...	8	8	8	10	8	2	—	—	
Cheating	5	5	5	5	4	1	—	—	
Fraudulent deeds and illegal alienation of property. ...	4	2	2	2	...	2	—	—	
Mischief	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Criminal trespass ...	85	83	80	91	80	11	—	—	
	90	85	85	93	80	13	—	—	
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks Chapter XVIII.	1	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	
Criminal breach of contracts of service do XIX. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Offences relating to marriage do XX. ...	3	3	3	7	7	—	—	—	
Defamation. ... do XXI ...	1	1	1	11	11	—	—	—	
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance do XXII. ...	54	49	48	60	23	45	—	—	
Offences under special and local laws ...	479	240	205	411	35	356	—	—	
Total ...	1,506	1,402	1,369	2,472	889	960	—	8	

3. *Statement of Miscellaneous Proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Province of Coorg during 1880.*

Nature of Proceedings.	Total number of cases before the Courts during the year.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons discharged.	Number of persons acquitted.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Frivolous or vexatious complaints, summarily dealt with under Chapter XVI, Section 250	...	...	...	...	...
2. Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter XXVI ...	15	20	20	...	...
3. Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XXVIII ...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors, Chapter XXII, Section 414 ...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Contempts of Court under Chapter XXIII ...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Proceedings under Chapter XXVII to prevent breach of the peace ...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Security for good behaviour under Chapter XXVIII ...	3	3	3	1	...
8. Proceedings against local nuisances, Chapter XXXIII ...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Possession, Chapter XL	...	...	...	...	...
10. Attachment, Chapter XLI	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	18	23	23	1	

4. *Statement showing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Coorg in the year 1880.*

Class of Courts.	Total number of persons under trial.	Persons whose cases were disposed of—				Persons remaining under trial at end of the year.	Number of cases disposed of during the year.	Average number of days during which cases were under trial.	Number of witnesses examined.	Remarks.
		Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.						
				On regular trial.	On summary trial.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Village Officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates { Special Magistrates under Section 42 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
{ Honorary Magistrates acting singly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
{ Honorary Magistrates sitting singly.	1,819	...	830	982	37	9	871	2	2,500		
{ Benches of Magistrates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
District and Divisional Magistrates.—Cases referred under Section 46 Cr. P. C.	31	...	12	14	...	5	14	2	19		
Chief Magistrate of District	8	...	4	3	...	1	8	2	19		
Courts of Session	4	...	...	4	...	...	4	65	19		
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Total ...	1,719	...	846	833	37	3	4	1,003	2·2	2,559	

JUDICIAL (*Criminal*).

5. *Statement showing the Punishments inflicted by the various Criminal Tribunals in the Province of Coorg in the year 1860.*

Class of Tribunal.	Persons sentenced to—									Detail of Punishment.																		Number of days, when sentence was commuted to Service in a Reformatory Gang.
				Imprisonment.						Fine.									Imprisonment.					Whipped.				
	Death.	Transportation.	Hard services.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Forfeiture of property.	Forfeiture of property.	Fine.	Whipping.	Persons confined in lieu of fine wholly or partially, or under sentence to labor, or confined in default of recovery of fine.	Persons confined in default of recovery of fine.	Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000.	Total amount of fine levied during the year.	Total amount of fine remitted during the year.	Allotted yearly by way of compensation.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	1 year and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Village Officers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates — Special Magistrates under Section 42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates — Honorary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates — Honorary Magistrates sitting Bench	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates — Deputies of Magistrates	...	...	...	116	17	...	349	19	*209	1	481	60	7	5	1	...	3,708	7 100,081	5 42,488 12 1	23	48	20	...	...	4	9	6	*Ordered to perform supplemental or re-pay sentence (Act 21II of 1850).
District and Divisional Magistrates, Assistants under section 48, Cl. D. ...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	8	4	
Chief Magistrate of District ...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	
Courts of Session ...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	
Superior Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	...	...	132	17	...	349	39	209	1	481	60	7	5	1	...	3,708	7 100,081	5 42,488 12 1	23	53	27	3	...	4	17	10	

H. B. JUDICIAL (*Criminal*).

6. *Statement showing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Province of Cuttack for the year 1880.*

Tribunals.	Number of Persons.											Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.	Remarks.
	Total number of Appellants for orders for revision before the Court.	Total number of Appellants before the Court.	Appeals or orders dismissed.	Appeals or orders withdrawn.	Sentences enhanced.	Sentences reduced or otherwise modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Case sent to Subordinate Magistrate for disposal.	Referred for orders of the High Court.	Pending end.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Appeals.													
To Chief Magistrates of Districts	20	...	...	9	1	3	10	...	...	1	...		
„ Courts of Sessions...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Superior Courts — by persons convicted ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Superior Courts — by Government from judgments of acquittal	9	...	2	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	21	
Total....	29	...	2	10	1	4	12	...	...	1	...	10	
Revisions.													
By Chief Magistrates of Districts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Courts of Sessions...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Superior Courts	9	...	...	7	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	15	
Total....	9	...	...	7	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	15	
Grand Total....	45	...	2	17	1	4	13	...	1	1	...	12	

7. *Statement showing the Number and Description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Province of Coorg in the year 1880.*

Class of Tribunals.	Suits for money or movable property.										Title and other Suits.																
	Contract to sell or bring.	Contract not to sell or bring.	On account stated.	Money lent and received.	Goods sold.	Wages, work and labour.	Breach of contract not mentioned above.	Short cut filing under the Code.	Movable property or value thereof.	Damages.	Suits for immovable property.	Suits for declaratory decree.	Other suits relating to title to land property, hereditary office, Pensions, &c.	Suits to set aside an attachment.	Suits to declare not entitled to any right.	Suits for an account.	Suits relating to adverse possession.	Suits relating to easements.	Suits for declaration of marriage.	Suits for enforcement of caste usual rights.	Suits for partition.	Suits relating to mortgages.	Suits relating to religious and caste rights.	Administration suits.	Adoption suits.	Dissolution of partnership.	Suits under Section 283, Act X of 1877 (as altered by Act XII of 1879).	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Civil Courts.																														
Punchayet Courts ...	74	31	32	1	3	...	...	...	13	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subadar Courts ...	1,154	68	240	34	4	4	...	...	62	34	4	4	...	24	4	...	...	...	...	6	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	1	1,366	
2nd Assistant Superintendent's Court ...	13	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	1,384
1st Assistant Superintendent's Court ...	149	9	4	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	173	
Superintendent's Court ...	7	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	13	
Judicial Commissioner's Court ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	1,397	109	274	35	7	4	2	...	76	37	13	4	...	31	4	...	...	...	2	6	...	13	...	1	...	...	...	2	2,074	
Grand Total ...	1,397	109	274	35	7	4	2	...	76	37	13	4	...	31	4	...	...	...	2	6	...	13	...	1	...	...	...	2	2,074	

8. *Statement showing Number and Value of Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Province of Coorg in the year 1880.*

Value of Suits.	Number of Suits instituted in the different Courts.										Total Value of Suits.	Remarks.
	Not exceeding Rs. 10.	Rs. 10 to Rs. 100.	Rs. 100 to Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000.	Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 5,000.	Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 10,000.	Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Number of suits the value of which cannot be estimated.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12
Civil Courts.												
Punchayet Courts ...	23	427	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	4,108—11—4	
Subadar Courts ...	99	657	606	6	...	...	...	...		98	1,51,370— 0—4	
2nd Assistant Superintendent's Court ...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...		...	11,442—12—0	
1st Assistant Superintendent's Court ...	...	...	...	66	83	21	...	...		...	1,54,565—12—8	
Superintendent's Court ...	...	...	...	...	4	3	1	...		1	54,525— 0—20	
Judicial Commissioner's Court ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	—	
Total ...	122	784	606	90	87	24	1	...		99	3,76,012— 8—1	
Grand Total ...	122	784	606	90	87	24	1	...		99	3,76,012— 8—1	

9. *Statement showing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Cases in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Cuzco in the year 1880.*

PART I.—CIVIL SUITS.

Class of Courts.	Total number of Suits tried in the Courts.	Number of Suits disposed of:— Transferred to Courts in other Districts.	Withdrawn.	Without Contest: Compromised.	Decided in default.	Decided ex parte.	Decided on the merits.	On reference to arbitration: Per Award.	Per default.	With Contest: Judgment for plaintiff, or in favour of appellant.	Judgment for defendant, or against appellant.	Pending at the close of the year.	Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average Duration of Suits, in days: Contested.	Uncontested.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Civil Courts.																
Parishioners' Courts	491	...	38	7	62	45	1	...	...	69	7	...	...	30	13	
Scholars' Courts	4,736	...	268	49	440	619	2	...	...	1,866	72	59	...	30	11	
2nd Assistant Superintendent's Court ...	64	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	44	10	5	...	45	12	
1st Assistant Superintendent's Court ...	172	...	22	9	43	61	1	...	...	25	11	1	...	45	12	
Superintendent's Court	11	...	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	44	12	
Judicial Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	5,476	...	330	65	615	739	3	1	...	2,008	101	65	...	29	12	
Grand Total ...	5,476	...	330	65	615	739	3	1	...	2,008	101	65	...	29	12	

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS CASES.—JUDICIAL.

Class of Courts.	Total number of cases before the Courts.	Number of Cases disposed of:— Transferred to Courts in other Districts.	Withdrawn.	Without Contest: Compromised.	Decided in default.	Decided ex parte.	Decided on the merits.	On reference to Arbitration: Per Award.	Per default.	With Contest: Judgment for plaintiff, or in favour of appellant.	Judgment for defendant, or against appellant.	Pending at the close of the year.	Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average Duration of Cases: Contested.	Uncontested.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Civil Courts.																
Parishioners' Courts	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Small Cause Court	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Scholars' Courts	276	...	1	24	25	13	...	...	...	92	17	...	...	4	...	
2nd Assistant Superintendent's Court ...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1st Assistant Superintendent's Court ...	27	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	19	7	...	...	4	2	
Superintendent's Court	...	...	...	...	...	43	6	...	...	1	1	...	...	45	24	
Total ...	328	...	72	25	25	56	6	...	...	112	25	7	...	113	127	
Grand Total ...	328	...	72	25	25	56	6	...	...	112	25	7	...	113	127	

10. *Statement showing the Business of the Civil Appellate Courts of the Province of Coorg in the year 1880.*

PART I.—APPEALS FROM DECREES.

Class of Courts.	Total number of Appeals for the Court.	Transferred to Court since Institution.	Appeals summarily rejected.	Disposed of after admission and after hearing parties.	Decreed or partly.				Confirmed.				Pending.	If time pending with date when months.	Appeals against Appeals.	Objections under Section 5 of Act X. of 1865.	Remarks.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Appeals from Original Decrees.																	
CIVIL COURTS.																	
2nd Assistant Superintendent's Court	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	24	...	
1st Assistant Superintendent's Court	27	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	20	4	1	...	2	...	10	...	
Superintendent's Court	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	13	...	
Total.....	33	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	24	6	1	...	2	...	21	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court. { Appeals from original decrees.	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	28	...	
Appeals from appellate decrees.	28	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	3	1	3	...	10	...	
Total.....	33	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	10	3	4	1	4	...	48-5	...	
Grand Total.....	240	...	6	2	...	...	...	...	34	10	32	8	6	...	22-8	...	

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS APPEALS.—JUDICIAL.

Appeals from Original Decrees.																	
CIVIL COURTS.																	
1st Assistant Superintendent's Court	14	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	13	...	...	...	22	...	
Superintendent's Court	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	
Total.....	16	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	13	...	...	...	32	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court. { Appeals from original decrees.	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	23	...	
Appeals from appellate decrees.	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	24	...	
Grand Total.....	24	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	5	...	14	...	...	...	21-1	...	

11. *Statement showing the Result of Proceedings on Applications for the execution of the Decrees of the Civil Courts in the Province of Coorg in the year 1880.*

Class of Courts.	Total number of applications for the execution of Decrees before the Courts.	Applications for, or of— By bonds.	Applications related to bill.	Applications changed in part.	Applications for writs of attachment.	Pending at the end of the year.	Number of cases in which the Decrees were passed.	Amount realized.		Number of Applications— On which movable property.		On which immovable property.		On which personal execution was given.		On which such performance was ordered.	On which parties are affected.	On which amounts not affected otherwise than by preceding columns.	Remarks.
							Of the sum of Decrees.	Without the sum of Decrees.	On which the judgment-debtor was imprisoned.	On which the judgment-debtor was released after imprisonment.	Was sold.	Was attached, but subsequently released.	Was sold.	Was attached, but subsequently released.	Of immovables.	Of immovables.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Civil Courts.																							
Deputy-Collectors' Courts	77	1	44	3	28	1		7,591 8 1															
Subordinate do do	1,704	272	414	1,021	504	43	1	57,410 0 0	992 1 6	35	145	1,561	4										
2nd Assistant Sub.-Judge's Court	80	2	20	10	44	10		15,693 1 11				4	0	21									
1st Assistant do do	122	1	38	28	43	12		11,320 0 0	200 0 0		4					17							
Superintendent's	4		3		1			4,624 11 3	414 12 5														
Total	1,987	276	519	1,062	621	69	1	71,721 11 10	1,606 13 11	35	149	167	179	17		36	2	10					

12. *Statement showing the Number and Result of Applications and Proceedings under Chapter XX, Act X of 1877, in the Province of Coorg in the year 1880.*

Class of Courts.	Applications for a decree when at issue— Total number for disposal.	Transferred to the territorial Courts, &c.	Original— A decree duly signed.	A decree not duly signed.	Appeal— Were pending when the year began.	Number of cases in which appeals were filed.	Disposed of on the merits.	Pending at the end of the year.	Number of sentences* decided during the year under Section 372.	Number of sentences* in cases in the hands of receivers, &c., pending from last year.	Amount of sentences* disposed of— Decided.	Decided.	Given amounts of landowners' assets wholly or not disposed of— Decided during the year.	Decided during the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
2nd Assistant Superintendent's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1st Assistant Superintendent's Court	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Superintendent's Court	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	4	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. B. JUDICIAL (Civil and Criminal).

15. *Statement showing the Use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts in the Province of Coorg in the year 1880.*

Classes of Courts in which Juries or Assessors are employed, distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.	Published or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case and prescribed qualifications.	Number of cases tried by Jury.	Number of cases tried with Assessors.	Jury trials.					Assessors' Trials.			
				Cases in which the Judge agreed at the verdict.	Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.		Number of persons of the verdict in respect to whom the Judge disapproved.		Number of cases in which Judge agreed with Assessors.	Number of cases in which Judge dissented from—		Remarks.
					Wholly.	Partially.	Whose cases he referred under Section 205, C. P. C.	Whose cases he did not refer under Section 205, C. P. C.		Our Assessors.	Both Assessors.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
I.—Civil Courts.												
Civil Courts of Districts (for offices specially empowered) acting under Act X of 1873 ... ... Assessors ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
II.—Criminal Courts.												
Magistrates' Courts under Chapter XXXIX, C. P. C. ... Assessors ...												
Court of Sessions ... ... Assessors ...	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court, Criminal Jurisdiction ... Assessors ...												
Total ...	2	...	4		...	...	...	...	4	...	...	

D. B. REGISTRATION.

14. *Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration District of Cavy for the year* 1880—81.

Office.	Registration affecting Immovable Property, Book I.																										Registration affecting Movable Property, Book IV.						Receipts.				Remarks.
	Compulsory.									Optional.																											
	Number of Registering Office.	Instruments of gift (Section 17).	Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of leases of immovable property from year to year or for any term exceeding one year.	Other instruments required under Section 17, Clause (b).	Optional instruments (Section 18, Clause (a)).	All deeds (other than perpetual leases) which may be registered under Section 18, Clause (b).	Total Compulsory Registration.	Ordinary fees paid for the same.	Instruments or sale of the value of one thousand Rs. and upwards.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of one thousand Rs. and upwards.	Instruments of exchange (Section 17) of the value of one thousand Rs. and upwards.	Instruments of gift of immovable property (Section 17).	Leases of immovable property for a term not exceeding one year.	Leases of immovable property for a term exceeding one year but not exceeding three years.	Leases of immovable property for a term exceeding three years but not exceeding seven years.	Leases of immovable property for a term exceeding seven years but not exceeding twelve years.	Leases of immovable property for a term exceeding twelve years.	Instruments of transfer (Section 17).	Other instruments required or permitted to be registered by law for the time being in force (Section 18).	Total Optional Registration.	Ordinary fees paid for the same.	Total Value of immovable property transferred.	Instruments of sale of movable property.	Obligations to the payment of money (Section 19, Clause 2).	Leases of movable property (Section 19, Clause 3).	Other instruments required under section 17.	Total of Registrations in Book IV.	Ordinary fees paid for the same.	Number of books supplied (Section 51).	Number of wills registered (Section 18).	Number of deposits of wills received (Section 40).	Number of Registrations under Section 58.	Number of deeds in register.	Number of leaves of Government stamps.	Number of leaves of Miscellaneous stamps.	Total of Ordinary fees including the wills in the Registration and Record Offices.	Total Extraordinary fees and Fines.	Total.	Total Expenditure.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Inspector General of Registration	—	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	0	0	
Cavy	—	6	5	159	102	...	23	...	16	423	2,536	4	0	12	6	...	1	...	...	23	15	0	6	8,65,125	1	23	59	19	280	4	0	...	...	1	2	9	25	2,849	6	0	475	14	0	3,325	6	0	1,300	0	1	
Total.....	—	6	5	159	102	...	23	...	16	423	2,536	4	0	12	6	...	1	...	...	23	15	0	6	8,65,125	1	23	59	19	280	4	0	...	...	1	2	9	25	3,149	6	0	475	14	0	3,625	6	0	1,300	0	1	

II. C. PERSONS.

General Summary—*Statement showing the Distribution of the Prisoners of all Classes confined in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

1	2	3	4	5		6		7		8		9		10			
Sl. No.	Name of Jail.	Class of Prisoners.	Transferred to the Jail from the date.	Received during the year.		Total.		Discharged from all causes.		Remaining at end of the year.		Daily Average Number of each class.		Total Daily Average of whole Jail.			
				M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
1	Subsidiary Jails.	Convicts	90	3	94	118	8	121	122	121	1	90	110·67	3	90	78·15	3·67	81·82	4·67	81·82
		Undertrial	6	...	6	221	27	248	248	221	27	6	26·15	2·85	6	24·3	2·85	27·15		
		Civil	2	...	2	13	1	14	14	13	1	2	2·85	...	2	2·85	...	2·85		
	Total Subsidiary Jails.	Convicts	...	...	...	73	6	79	79	73	6	...	...	...	...	0·15	0·03	0·18	0·03	0·18
		Undertrial	...	...	...	224	34	258	258	224	34	...	...	...	...	2·00	0·25	2·25	0·25	2·25
		Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total.	Convicts	90	3	94	191	14	205	201	194	7	90	110·82	3	90	78·15	3·67	81·82		
		Undertrial	6	...	6	445	61	506	506	445	61	6	26·15	2·85	6	26·15	2·85	27·15	4·92	81·82
		Civil	2	...	2	13	1	14	14	13	1	2	2·85	...	2	2·85	...	2·85	5·04	27·15
																				5·04
	Grand Total.		98	3	102	709	76	785	781	652	69	98	139·82	5	98	107·65	7·52	115·17	9·54	115·17

1. *Showing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

1	2	3	4	5		6			7			8																9		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Serial Numbers.	Jails.	Remained at the close of the previous year.		Received from other Jails.				Transferred to other Jails.				Released during the year.																		Transported beyond seas.	Transferred to Lunatic Asylums.	Escaped.	Executed.	Died.	Remaining at the end of the year.	Daily Average Number.
				Received during the present year.		Total.		A. To undergo sentence, in addition to that under which he is now in Jail.		B. For transportation upon being sentenced to Jail.		Grand Total.		A. To undergo sentence, in addition to that under which he is now in Jail.		B. For transportation upon being sentenced to Jail.		On appeal.		On expiry of sentence of transportation.		C. On orders of Government. (Vide Rule 1, Chap. XII.)		D. On orders of Government. (Vide Rule 2, Chap. XII.)									
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F								Total.
1	Ullamoor Jail	90	3	220	6	310	11	30	...	...	...	317	11	328	...	1	1	...	...	132	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	2	2·78	12·67	90·00
	Subsidiary Jails	...	...	33	4	33	4	...	...	...	...	33	4	37	...	...	...	...	...	30	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·03	0·03
	Grand Total	90	3	253	10	343	15	30	...	...	...	350	15	365	...	1	1	...	...	162	13	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	2	2·81	12·70	90·03

2. *Showing the Religion, Age and previous Occupation of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg on the 31st December 1880.*

1	2	3												4												5												6	7
Serial Numbers.	Jails.	Religion.												Age.												Previous Occupation.													
		A. Christians.			B.	C.	D.	E.	A.	B.	C.	D.		A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.							Males.												Females.		Total.
		Europeans.	Eurasians.	Natives.	Mohammedans.	Buddhists and Jains.	All other Classes.	Under 16.	16 to 40.	40 to 60.	60 to 80.	Above 80.		Persons employed mainly with their hands as labourers, artizans, or workmen.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.							Persons employed mainly with their hands as labourers, artizans, or workmen.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.	Persons employed in agriculture, as owners, managers, tenants, or labourers.								
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
1	Ullamoor Jail	...	...	6	...	1	...	1	2	3	...	...		4	1	30	11	11	...							1	...	1	...	1	...	87	3	90					
	Subsidiary Jails	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...							...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
	Total Jails	...	...	6	...	1	...	1	2	3	...	...		4	1	30	11	11	...							1	...	1	...	1	...	87	3	90					
	Grand Total	...	...	6	...	1	...	1	2	3	...	...		4	1	30	11	11	...							1	...	1	...	1	...	87	3	90					

B. C. PRISONS (Judicial).

3. Showing the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Province of Coorg on the 31st December 1880, according to the Nature and Length of Sentence.

1	2	3	4																										5
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number of Lunatic Prisoners included in the following columns.	Number according to length of Sentence.																										Total.
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I				J						
			Not exceeding one month.		Above 1 and not exceeding 3 months.		Above three months and not exceeding 6 months.		Above 6 months and not exceeding one year.		Above 1 year and not exceeding 2 years.		Above 2 years and not exceeding 3 years.		Above 3 years and not exceeding 5 years.		Above 5 years.		Sentenced to State prisons beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.						
																					A		H						
																					For life.		For a term.						
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
1	Mercara Jail ...	...	...	...	13	...	7	...	7	...	28	2	17	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	2	280
2	Taluk Lock-ups ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	...	...	13	...	7	...	7	...	28	2	17	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	2	280

4. Showing the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg on the 31st day of December 1880, who had been previously convicted.

1	2	3	4										5			6					
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number of convicts on the last day of the previous year.	Number previously convicted.										Ratio of column 4 D to column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age. (Section 318 of the Criminal Procedure Code.)					
			A		B		C		D							A			B		
			Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.							Number present on the 1st day of the year.			Number previously convicted.		
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
1	Mercara Jail ...	89	5	94	8	...	3	...	1	...	12	...	12·76	13·48	...	10·76	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	89	5	94	8	...	3	...	1	...	12	...	12·76	13·48	...	12·76	...	...	...	...	...	...

Showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails during the year 1880, who had been previously convicted.

1	2	3	4										5			6					
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.	Number previously convicted.										Ratio of column 4 D to column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age. (Section 318 of the Criminal Procedure Code.)					
			A		B		C		D							A			B		
			Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.							Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.		
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
1	Mercara Jail ...	159	6	165	9	...	1	...	1	...	5	...	5	7·02	...	5·45	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups.	55	4	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total....	214	10	225	9	...	1	...	1	...	5	...	5	2·80	...	2·22	...	...	...	...	...	...

H. C. PRISONS (Jurisdiction).

5. *Showing the Numbers and Re-captures of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

Serial Number.	Jails.	Remaining unrecaptured on the 31st December 1879 of those who escaped during the previous years.	Escaped during the year.			Re-captured during the year.			Remained unrecaptured.			Escaped portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.		
			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
			From within the Jail.	From outside the Jail.	Total.	Of those who escaped previous to 1880.	Of those who escaped during the year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of the year.	Total.	Under one year.	Above one and under seven years.	Above seven years.
1	Mercara Jail	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...

6. *Showing the Offences committed by the Convicts, and the Punishments inflicted on them in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.	Criminal offences.	Breaches of Jail Rules.			Punishments inflicted.																			
				Resisting or having possession of forbidden articles.	Offences relating to work.	Other offences against prison discipline.	A	B By Jail Officers.									C									
							By Criminal Courts.	A		B		C		D		E										
								Solitary confinement.		Reduced diet.		Solitary confinement with reduced diet.		Corporal punishment.		Other punishments.		Total punishment.		Ratio of columns 6 C to column 5.						
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
1	Mercara Jail	28·13	4·07	...	...	12	...	6	1	35	9	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	23	10	1	...	47	20·6	
2	Taluk Lockups	0·48	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	28·61	4·09	...	...	12	...	6	1	35	9	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	23	10	1	...	47	20·6	

7. *Showing the State of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg for the year 1880.*

Serial Number.	Jails.	Number imprisoned during the year.	Of those in column 3 there were—						Daily average number of convicts.			Daily average number of convicts between 7 and 40 years of age who were employed.			Of those in column 3 there were when they entered Jail—						Of those in column 3 there were when they left Jail—					
			Unable to read or write.		Able to read and write a book.		Able to read and write with ease.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a book.		Able to read and write with ease.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a book.		Able to read and write with ease.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Mercara Jail	120	8	92	8	24	...	28·13	4·07	32·20	...	...	...	132	...	66	...	32	...	13	...	7	...	102	...	25	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups	26	2	24	2	2	...	0·48	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	146	10	116	10	26	...	28·61	4·09	32·70	...	...	...	132	...	66	...	32	...	13	...	7	...	102	...	25	...

B. C. PRISONS (Females).

8. *Showing the Employment of Convicts as Prison Officers in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during* 1880.

1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.		Average number employed as prison officers.		Ratio of column 4 to column 3.		Total number employed as prison officers.		Number of convict guards or other punishments.		Remarks.
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
1	Mercara Jail	19·13	4·87	0·00	...	0·00	...	0	...	0	...	
2	Taluk Lockups ...	0·48	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	19·61	4·87	0·00	...	0·00	...	0	...	0	...	

9. *Showing the Scales of Diet in force in the Jails of Coorg during the year* 1880.

1	2	3	4
Diet scale of labouring prisoners.	Diet scale of non-labouring prisoners.	Punishment diet scale.	Date of any change effected in Diet scales during the year.
Mercara Jail	The scale of diet in force in the Mercara Jail is in accordance with Resolution D. dated December 2nd, 1859, from the Inspector General of Prisons and was brought into effect on 1st March 1860.		
Taluk Lockups ...	Rice boiled convicts at six annas per diem and Natives of Hills, rice and three pice a day.		

10. *Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year* 1880 *excluding the Cost of building new Jails, of Additions, Alterations or Repairs.*

1	2	3			4		5		6		7						8		9		10	11	12
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of prisoners.			Rations.		Establishments.		Police Guard.		Hospital Charges.			Clothing		Contingencies					Grand Total expended.	Total Cost per head of average strength.	Serial Number.
		Convicts.	Unconvicted.	Total.	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	C	A	B	A	B					
					Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.				
					Rs.	Rs. As. P.	Rs.	Rs. As. P.	Rs.	Rs. As. P.	Rs.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs.	Rs. As. P.	Rs.	Rs. As. P.	Rs.	Rs. As. P.			Rs.	Rs. As. P.	
1	Mercara Jail	23·74	2·87	26·61	4,403	185 7 6	1,259	53 0 0	1,259	53 0 0	184	7 12 0	31	932	39 5 0	1,287	54 3 0				10,520	443	1
2	Taluk Lockups ...	0·48	0·00	0·48	87	181 5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	14 9 0				994	2076	2
	Total ...	24·22	2·87	27·09	4,490	165 13 6	1,259	46 8 0	1,259	46 8 0	184	6 12 0	31	932	34 6 0	1,294	47 14 0				11,514	423	

II. C. PRISONS (FINANCIAL).

11. *Showing the Employment of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7																		8
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Average number not employed for want of work.	Average number under undescribed labor on working days.	Average number sick.	Average number confined and idle.	Average number employed on working days.																		Yields per cent on outturn of Coir when employed on working days as—
						A	On prison duties.					On Jail buildings.		K	L									
							B	C	D	E	F	Additions and alterations	New Jails.												
						On unremunerative labor.	Prisoners, workmen.	Prisoners serving as *	Gardening.	Employed in garden, kitchen, hospitals, in Jails, Subsidiary Jails, and attending on Jail officers.	Jail repairs.	G	H	I	J	Other Public Works Department.	Manufactures.	Public Works.	Prison officers.	Prisoners literate.	On manufactures (C & L)
1	Mercara Jail	61	1783	443	—	—	9·00	11·00	4·02	—	7·12	2·19	—	—	—	—	6·45	30·43	—	10·93	14·12	47·61
2	Taluk Lockups	0·01	0·03	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Total	9·00	17·64	4·02	—	—	9·00	11·00	4·02	—	7·12	2·19	—	—	—	—	6·45	30·43	—	10·93	14·12	47·61

*Under sentence 5·00, Hospital Attendants 1·00, Cooks 4·00, Sweepers 9·00.

12. *Showing the Result of the Employment of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

1	2	3	4						5						6			7		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number employed by labor.	Debits.						Credits.						A	B	C	A	B	C
			Cash in hand at the end of 1879.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1879.	Raw materials at the end of 1879.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the Jail at the end of 1879.	Fixed and machinery at the end of 1879.	Total.	Cash in hand at the end of 1880.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1880.	Raw materials at the end of 1880.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the Jail at the end of 1880.	Fixed and machinery at the end of 1880.	Total.	Issues of articles on public account.	Value of articles on hand.	Issues of articles on Cash account.	Issues of articles on public account.	Value of articles on hand.	Issues of articles on Cash account.
			A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	In Rupees, each kind of articles mentioned in Column A.			Issues of C & D on each article.		
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Mercara Jail	61·00	19·64	—	1452·07	—	1161·12·1	2633·3·1	19·64	—	1452·07	—	1161·12·1	2633·3·1	2633·3·1	—	—	43·4·0	—	—
2	Taluk Lockups	0·01	0·36	—	—	—	—	0·36	0·36	—	—	—	—	0·36	0·36	—	—	0·8·0	—	—
	Total	61·01	20·0	—	1452·07	—	1161·12·1	2633·3·1	20·0	—	1452·07	—	1161·12·1	2633·3·1	2633·3·1	—	—	43·4·0	—	—

13. *Showing the Net Cost of the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Province of Coorg during the year 1880.*

Serial Number.	Jails.	Cost of maintenance.	Expense of warrants and escort under Cr. P. C. of Schedule No. XII.	Expense of Coorg Cr. P. C. of Schedule No. XII.	Net cost to Government.	Net cost per head of all convicts.	Net cost per head of convicts employed.	Remarks.
1	Mercara Jail	16,232—14—3	3,952—4—1	—	6,205—10—2	76—5—0	77—1—3	
2	Taluk Lock-ups	194—5—9	—	—	194—5—9	196	221—6—3	
	Total	16,426—3—0	3,952—4—1	—	6,400—15—11	77	76	

14. *Showing the Sickness and Mortality among Prisoners of all Classes in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

Jails.	Number of cases (first attacks) treated in the Jail hospital during the year, including cases remaining under treatment at the end of the previous year.	Average daily strength.	Remaining sick on 31st March.	Number admitted into Hospital.	Daily average number of sick.	Number of deaths in and out of Hospital.	Deaths from fevers.	Deaths from cholera.	Deaths from violence.	Ratio per cent of average strength. A — Of admissions into Hospital.	B — Of daily average number sick.	C — Of deaths from cholera.	D — Of deaths from all other causes.	E — Of deaths from all causes both in and out of Hospital.
	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.	M. F. Total.
Mysore Jail — Convicts	76 6 82	72·13 4·07 76·20	3 0 3	3 0 3	2·16 0·12 2·28	2 0 2	1 — 1	— — —	— — —	227·7 150·14 207·07	2·99 2·99 2·99	— — —	2·99 — 2·99	2·99 — 2·99
Mysore Jail — Under-trial	9 — 9	8·03 — 8·03	2 1 3	2 1 3	2·23 0·1 2·24	2 — 2	1 — 1	— — —	— — —	124·9 100·0 124·09	24·9 — 24·9	— — —	— — —	24·9 — 24·9
Mysore Jail — Civil prisoners	4 — 4	1·06 — 1·06	1 — 1	1 — 1	0·25 — 0·25	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
Subsidiary Jails — Convicts	— — —	0·42 0·03 0·45	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
Subsidiary Jails — Under-trial	24 15 39	2·09 0·23 2·07	2 1 3	2 1 3	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
Subsidiary Jails — Civil prisoners	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —

15. *Showing the Admissions and Deaths from the Chief Diseases among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

Jails.	A — Small-pox.	B — Intermittent Fever.	C — Remittent and continued Fever.	D — Cholera.	E — Bowels and Rectum Peritonæum.	F — Animals and Diseased Food.	G — Respiratory Diseases.	H — Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	I — Jaundice.	K — Ulcers and Boils.	Ratio of admissions and deaths per cent of average strength. Intermittent Fever	Remittent and continued Fever.	Cholera.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.
	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.	A. D.
Mysore Jail	— —	103 —	8 1	— —	— —	16 2	8 —	69 4	— —	23 —	110·44 —	2·61 1·61	— —	19·23 4·34
Total	— —	103 —	8 1	— —	— —	16 2	8 —	69 4	— —	23 —	110·44 —	2·61 1·61	— —	19·23 4·34

H. C. PRISONS (VITAL).

16. *Showing the Mortality, according to Age, among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

Serial Number.	Jails.	Under 16 years.						16 to 40.						40 to 60.						Over 60.						Total.					
		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Mercara Jail	...	...	...	...	...	...	23·34	3·43	0·...	...	13·39	...	35·79	7·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	79·13	9·87	0·...	...	10·23	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	0·43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	0·43	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23·77	3·86	0·...	...	13·42	...	35·79	7·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	79·56	9·30	0·...	...	10·27	...

17. *Showing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880, according to length of imprisonment.*

1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Under 3 months in Jail.			From 3 to 12 months.			From 1 to 2 years.			From 2 to 3 years.			From 3 to 7 years.			Under 7 years.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent. of average number.	Average term fallen.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent. of average term fallen.
1	Mercara Jail	13·56	...	...	19·71	6	45·76	16·56	11	12·03	11·74	...	...	19·77	...	...	1·95	...	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups	0·43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	13·99	...	...	19·71	6	45·76	16·56	11	12·03	11·74	...	...	19·77	...	...	1·95	...	...

(JUDICIAL.)

18. *Showing Particulars regarding Prisoners under trial in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of Coorg during the year 1880.*

1	2	3		4		5			6			7			8			9		10		11		12	
Serial Number.	Jails.	In custody, viz., at the end of the previous year.		Number received.		Total.			Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Transferred.		Escaped.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December 1880.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Mercara Jail	2	...	283	22	285	22	311	3·16	·06	3·22	284	22	306	277	20	297	3	2	1	...	...	...	7	1
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	...	294	34	294	34	328	2·00	0·20	2·27	295	34	329	288	33	321	1	...	1	...	...	...	4	...
	Total...	2	...	577	56	579	56	639	5·16	0·26	5·49	579	56	635	565	53	618	4	2	2	...	...	...	11	1

H. C. PRISONS.

Statement A showing the Nature and Amount of Accommodation for each class of Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Coorg at the close of the year 1881.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Description of Accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December in the part of the Jail devoted to—										Number of cells, wards or other places of confinement in the Jail.	Cubical Contents of the largest cell, ward or other place of confinement.	Number of cells, wards or other places of confinement in the Jail not fulfilling the requirements of columns 12 and 13.	Number of cells, wards or other places of confinement in the Jail not fulfilling the requirements of columns 12 and 13 during the year 1881.	Remarks.
			Hospital.		Convicted Criminal Prisoners.		Civil Prisoners.		Under trial.		Lunatics.									
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.								
1	Mercara Jail	The accommodation allotted to the European warder is unsuitable. The wards used for dieting purposes are small and ill-ventilated. And the floors are laid with a composition of pitch and sand.	6	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	6	70	14	6	—	—		The Calculation of the number of cells available for accommodation is in accordance with the system of separate class cells. owing to the prison not admitting of the old system of the new buildings not being fit for occupation.
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	14	28	4	—	—		
	Total	...	6	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	21	84	42	5	—	—		

Statement B showing the State of Health of the Prisoners admitted into, and discharged from, the Jails of the Province of Coorg during the year 1880.

1	2	3			4	5			6			7			8			9			10
Serial Number.	Jails.	State of health on admission of those admitted during the year.			Number discharged during the year.	State of health of subjects 4 on admission.			State of health of subjects 6 on release.			State of weight of subjects 6 on admission.			State of weight of subjects 6 on release.			State of health of subjects not left of those who died during the year.			Remarks.
		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	When gain of weight during confinement.	When loss of weight.	When stationary.	When gained weight during confinement.	When lost weight.	When stationary.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	
												Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.				
1	Mercara Jail ...	52	32	43	142	70	39	7	122	10	—	112	—	17	—	173	—	27	—	4	4
2	Taluk Lock-ups ...	29	—	—	29	29	—	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Total	81	32	43	171	115	39	7	151	10	—	112	—	17	—	173	—	27	—	4	4

Statement C showing the Working of the Mark System during the year 1880 in the Jail at Mercara.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statement D showing the Nature of the Crimes for which Convicts are imprisoned in the Mercara Jail in 1880.

1			2																		3
Serial Number.	Sections of Penal Code (in addition to Chapter and Section of Special Law).		Convicts in Jail on 31st December under sentence and remanding:—																		Total.
			A.		B.		C.		D.		E.		F.		G.		H.		I.		J.
			One month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.		Above two years and not exceeding three years.		Above three years and not exceeding five years.		Exceeding five years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas:— A. For life.	D. For a term.	Sentenced to death.	
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	VI	All Sections	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	VII	Do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	VIII	Do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	IX	163, 165, 170 and 171	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	X	All other Sections	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	X	All Sections	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	XI	198, 200 to 205	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
8	"	201 to 204	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	"	206 to 210	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	"	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	"	212, 216, 224 to 227	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	"	217 & 219	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	"	220 and 223	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	XII	241 to 254	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
15	"	All other Sections	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	XIII	All Sections	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	XIV	294 to 268	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	"	290 and 291	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	"	292 to 294A	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	XV	All Sections	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	XVI	302, 303, 305	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	"	304, 304A, 305, 308, 309	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	"	307	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	"	311	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	"	312 to 318	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

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| | | |

H. D.

1. *General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prevention*

PART I.—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Crime.										
			Reported to have been committed during the year and omitted by Inspector from returns for previous years.	Reported to previous years and brought to credit during the year, vide columns 3 (a) and 3 (b) of previous returns.	Total.	Investigated.				Number of cases, Instituted in other Courts.	Number of cases Withdrawn by Police, Compounded, or Dismissed by Magistrates, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending over from previous year.
						By Police case books.	By order of Magistrate or some officer of the Police Department, but Police not charged with inquiry.	By Police or Magistrate after Police had reported the case false.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	9	10	11
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.										
1a	Substantive elements under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ...		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1	121 to 124, 130 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2	251 to 268, 290 to 295, 297, and 471...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Govt. notes ...	4	—	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	145 to 148, 127, 130,	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Total ...	5	—	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.										
6	302, 303, 304 ...	Murder by thugs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7		Do. by dacoits	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8		Do. by robbers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9		Do. by poison	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10		Other murders...	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
11	307	Attempt to murder	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
12	304, 308	Culpable homicide	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
13	312	Rape	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
14	377	Unnatural offence	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15	313, 314	Causing miscarriage or abortion ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
16	315, 316, 318 ...	Attempt to cause miscarriage, or child destruction	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
17	320, 321, 325 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
18	322, 324, 326 ...	Grievous hurt	6	—	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
19	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20	323, 325, 333 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21	334	Hurt by dangerous weapon ...	2	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
22	339 to 342	Kidnapping or abduction	2	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
23	343 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
24	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25	374	Unlawfully buying or obtaining ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
26	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
27	352	Insult among grievous hurt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
28	379	Theft	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
29	392	Robbery	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Total ...	13	—	13	13	—	—	—	—	—	—

POLICE.

of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Province of Ceylon during the year 1880.

COMMISSIONER CRIME.

Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and superior Courts.	Number of cases tried by Police and committed to trial by Magistrates.	Number of cases in which persons were tried before Magistrates and committed to trial by Supreme Court.	Persons. Number accused. Number of persons.	Number of cases.	Number of persons.	Number of cases.	Number of persons.	Black, escaped, or discharged before trial. Section 7 of Police Ordinance No. 19 of 1865 and Section 15 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1872.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrates.	By Judges of High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons under sentence of death or of penal servitude).	Number of Persons pending trial at the end of year. In Police custody.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5a	5b	6	7a	7b	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	4	10	—	—	6	—	6	4	—	—	6	1	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	3	10	—	—	10	—	10	—	—	—	10	6	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	2	51	—	—	16	—	16	—	—	—	16	7	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	2	6	—	—	6	—	6	4	2	—	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	3	17	—	—	6	—	6	4	—	—	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	3	15	—	—	7	—	7	—	—	—	7	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	2	6	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	2	15	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	6	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	14	18	—	—	36	—	36	—	3	—	33	21	—	12	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
—	2	2	—	—	6	—	6	—	2	—	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	1	1	—	—	3	—	3	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	1	1	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	28	151	—	—	87	—	87	—	8	—	69	35	—	31	—	—	2	—	—	—	—

Schedule Numbers.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to Police (not committed during the Year and omitted by transfer from other Districts).	Reported to Police and Dealt with Summarily (including Cases dealt with under 9 & 10 Vict. c. 97).	Total.	Cases. Investigated. By Police one month.	By other Agencies or Persons.	Total.	Not Investigated. By order of Magistrate (or com. plaint, or of Queen's Bench Division), or on application of Prosecutor to the Police.	Not Investigated. Reported too late to be Investigated by Police.	Not Investigated. Information false or incorrect.	Not Investigated. In Police hands at commencement of next Year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Class III.—Serious Offences against persons and property or against property only.										
20 to 22, 24		Deserting										
23		Preparation and assembly for duality										
		By possession or supplying drugs										
32 to 34, 37		Robbery with hurt										
		By other means										
		In dwelling house										
35		Robbery										
		On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	1		1	1		1				
		Other robberies	29		29	25		25	4			1
38, 39, 42 to 44, 46		Serious violence and cognate offences	14		14	8		8	6			
48, 49, 51, 52 to 54		Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having such implements in his	34		34	27		27	7			14
56 to 59		House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having such implements for hurt										
60		Receiving stolen property by finding or habitually										
		Total	78		78	67		67	11			15
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.										
70		Riot, rout, or unlawful assembly	1		1							
71		Wrongful restraint and confinement	9		9	2		2	7			
72		Libel, act, causing libel or endangering life	1		1							
73		Conspiracy other										
		Total	11		11	2		2	7			
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.										
74		Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking										
		Of cattle	10		10	6		6	4			5
75		Theft	153		153							
		Ordinary				93		93	19			13
76		Criminal breach of trust	13		13	9		9	3			2
77		Receiving stolen property	3		3	3		3				2
78		Criminal or house-trespass	4		4	1		1	1			
79		Breaking glass trap-hole	1		1				1			
		Total	184		184	112		112	28			22
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.										
80		Following by gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves										
81		Vagrancy and bad character										
82		Offences against religion										
83		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act										
84	Cognizable offences under the Arms Act in the Provinces	Excise Laws	4		4	4		4				
85		Railway Laws	58		58	54		54	4			1
86		Salt and Customs Laws										
87		Stage Carriage Act										
88		Sheep Act										
89	Sections 268, 277, 278, 280, 283, 290 to 292, 294, 295, 297 to 304, Section 16 of Act V of 1861 and any other Municipal or Local Law	Public and local nuisances	2		2	2		2				
90		Other special and Local laws cognizable by Police										
		Total	40		40	40		40	4			1
		Grand Total	343		343	293		293	51			38

1.—Continued.

Persons.																				Property.			
Number of cases in which Magistrates declined to commit.	Number of cases (fully investigated) in which the accused was tried at Quarter Sessions.	Number of cases in column 9 in which the accused was found guilty.	Number tried.					Not proceeded with (Number of Accused before Court in respect of such cases).	Number of Accused who were (a) Found not guilty by Magistrate (as per column 14); (b) Discharged by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Number convicted after trial.		Number not proceeded with after trial.		Number of persons previously convicted.			Number of persons previously convicted.		Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Police.	By Justices of Peace.	By Police.	By Justices of Peace.	Total.				By Magistrate.	By Justices or Police Court, Thursday Island, specially empowered by Governor in Council.	By Justices or Police Court, Thursday Island, not specially empowered by Governor in Council.	By Police.	By Justices of Peace.	In Police custody.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Convicted on former occasion.				
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	£	£
1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	60	—	—	—	60	—	—	60	56	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	25	—
—	4	—	7	1	2	—	9	—	—	9	3	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	10	6	24	—	10	1	35	—	—	35	16	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	6	3,051	121
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6	15	12	98	1	12	1	113	—	—	112	83	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	3	15	6	3,076	121
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	14	—	1	—	15	—	—	15	1	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	1	—	15	—	1	—	16	—	—	16	1	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which the Police were employed.	Number of cases pending at the close of last year, namely 7 and 11.		Number of cases in which convictions were obtained.
				Cases.	Persons.	
1	2	3	4	4a		5
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c. &c.				
1a	Substantive sections under Sections 124, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...		...	...	...	...
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...
3	131	Instigating desertion by Master of ship ...	...	...	...	...
4	172 to 187, 202 to 204, 210 to 225, 227, 228 ...	Offences against public justice	...	...	...	...
5	191 to 193, 217 to 223 ...	Do by public servants	...	...	...	...
6	163 to 205, 208 to 211, 226, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims ...	...	...	...	...
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents...	...	...	...	...
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ...	...	...	...	...
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	...	...	...	...
9	231, 234 to 136, 109 ...	Coining, colorable imitation, alloy	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	...	...	...	...
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	...	...	...
11	366	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	...	...	...	...
		Class III.—Serious Offences against property.				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	3	...	...	...
		Total.....	3	...	...	...
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.				
13	323	Hurt	3	...	...	3
14	349	Wrongful confinement	1	...	...	1
15	352, 353, 358 ...	Criminal force	2	...	...	2
		Total.....	6	...	...	6
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	...	...	...	...
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	3	...	...	...
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1	...	...	...
19	420 to 459, 454	Housebreaking	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	4	...	...	...
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	1	...	...	...
21	500	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...
22	499 to 502	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	...	...	...
23	503 to 506	Defamation	...	...	...	...
24	504, 505 to 508	Intimidation and insult	4	...	...	1
25	221 to 225, 476, 284, 285, 290, 294	Public and local nuisances	...	...	...	...
26	... ...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C.P.C.	...	...	...	...
27	... ...	Special laws not applicable by Police ...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	...	...	...	1
		Grand Total.....	13	...	...	7

I.—*Concluded.*

CONSIDERABLE CRIME.

Number of cases (1) left at end.	Number of cases (2) reported during the year.	Number of persons (3) charged.	Number of persons (4) convicted.	Number of persons (5) acquitted.	Number of persons (6) charged, but not tried, pending the trial.	Number of persons (7) awaiting trial at the end of the year.	Number of persons (8) bailed.	Remarks.
0	2	3	3	0	0	2	2	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

2. *Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations in the Province of Oudh during the year 1880.*

Sch. Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases cognizable under the Penal Code, Column 2 of Statement A.		Total number of cases in which investigation during the year, Column 2 of Statement C.		Percentage of cases in which investigation was brought.		Number and Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
									Number of persons arrested.				Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons arrested to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered by police.	
			1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880
1	2.	3	4	5	4a		6	7	8	9	8 a		9 &		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.																									
1	Substantive statements under Sections 121, 117 to 119, 5, 17, 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	121 to 126, 108	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 232, 239 to 243, 247 & 421	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government paper	1	1	1	1	100	100	1	3	...	...	1	3	1	3	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...
4	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	124 to 126	Other offences against public justice	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	143 to 148, 151, 152	Rioting or unlawful assembly	1	1	1	1	100	100	11	10	...	...	11	10	11	10	100	40·0	100	40·0	...	...	...	...
7	140, 150, 153	Possessing public arms or soldier...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	2	2	2	2	100	100	12	13	...	...	12	13	12	13	100	61·11	100	40·0	...	...	...	...
	Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.																							
8		Murder by Hanging...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		" Stabbing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	304, 308, 309	" Poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		" Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Others weapons	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...
13	304 A ...	Attempt at murder	1	1	1	1	100	100	1	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...
14	305, 306	Culpable homicide	4	2	4	2	100	100	12	4	...	...	12	4	11	4	91·66	100	90	100	...	...	...	...
15	312	Dose	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	313	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure or infanticide or concealment of birth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	323, 325, 329	Attempt at, and abduction, suicide ...	1	1	1	1	100	100	1	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...
19	326, 324, 325	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20		Grievous hurt	9	5	9	5	100	100	11	7	...	...	11	7	7	7	1810	1740	1240	1740	...	...	...	...
21	327, 328, 331	Abducting or forcibly carrying away in case hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 328, 331	Hurt for purpose abducting property or confession	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	332 ...	Hurt by dangerous weapon	17	6	16	6	100	100	21	8	...	...	21	8	21	8	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...
24	333 to 338 ...	Kidnapping or abduction	4	3	4	3	100	100	4	3	...	...	4	3	4	3	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...
25	341 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint or arrest or for purpose of extortion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	370, 371	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	377 ...	Unnatural during by force	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	379, 380, 382	Criminal force to induce assault or assaults, or to offence to commit theft or wrongfully under	1	1	1	1	100	100	1	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	100	100	...	100	...	...	...	...
29	379 ...	Snatch or running grievous hurt	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	37	22	35	22	99·66	100·21	39	27	...	...	39	27	40	26	105·2	118·18	97·77	103·70	...	...	...	...

Class III.—Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.

80	302,307, 308	Murder	...	...	3	1	3	1	9846	...	16	6	...	10	6	10	6	37	31	...	37	31	...	118	...	...	46	...	...	54	...
81	304,310	Manslaughter	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	304,305, 309	Attempt, by poisoning or stupefying drugs, with hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			By other means	...	1	...	2	...	106	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	4	3	...	4	3	...	4	...	...	3	...	...	2	...
			By stealing horse	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	305,309	Robbery	On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Other robberies	...	1	13	1	7	2937	...	42	...	...	32	...	27	...	105	...	...	107	77	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84	310, 311, 309, 310 to 316	Serious wounded and aggravated offences	...	...	5	6	3	6	1586	6	6	6	...	5	6	5	6	27	30	...	40	5	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
85	454, 455, 457 to 460	Breaking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or taking steps preparatory for hurt	...	...	14	27	11	13	6249	790	28	23	...	24	...	18	13	82	63	21	87	68	...	231	...	1,101	188	231	...	1,159	...
86	449 to 451	Housebreaking with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	461, 462	Receiving stolen property by family or habitually	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	23	49	18	34	9434	800	95	80	...	83	80	63	57	256	240	40	278	208	1,302	1,124	...	1,101	234	1,274	1,213	...

Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.

88	324	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	...	...	1	...	1	...	107	...	4	14	...	4	14	1	...	23	...	...	23	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
91	374	Compulsory labor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	2	1	1	...	107	...	5	15	...	5	15	1	...	24	1	...	24	1	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Class V.—Minor Offences against property.

92	379, 380	Cattle trespass or house-breaking	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
93	379 to 382	Theft	In open ...	...	10	6	11	4	3454	290	24	9	...	23	10	9	...	56	25	6	62	31	4	151	...	111	20	131	...	...	...
			Other ...	...	112	66	94	63	4271	6248	432	132	...	248	153	173	105	740	353	105	1,093	458	105	2,502	1,008	948	283	2,231	...	1,242	...
94	380 to 402	Criminal breach of trust	...	...	13	2	12	2	500	100	10	2	...	10	2	2	...	14	4	...	24	4	...	1,743	1,000	13	60	1,073	...	1,073	...
95	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	...	...	1	2	1	2	79	160	2	4	...	2	4	2	...	10	10	...	12	14	...	1,436	250	...	...	1,686	...	14	...
96	403, 406	Criminal misappropriation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3038	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
97	407, 409	Breaking close wounds	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	137	77	118	71	8312	9836	502	161	...	283	169	186	105	874	442	111	1,216	552	109	5,832	2,258	1,072	343	4,121	...	2,329	...

Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.

98	211, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
99	Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100	283 to 297	Nuisance against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
101		Criminal offences under the Gambling Act	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
102	Cognizable offences under the following Acts	a Excise Laws ...	...	2	1	6	...	720	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	114	...	...	...	114	...	72.42	...
103		b Cattle Stealing Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	1	35	...	...	1	...	...	...	35	...	...	35	...	...	100	...	...	...	100	...	...	...
104		c Salt and Customs Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
105		d Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
106		e Stamp Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
107	290, 277, 278, 290, 292, 293 to 297, 298, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws	Petty and local nuisances ...	...	...	3	2	6	2	6046	300	21	3	...	21	3	21	2	230	...	...	819	602	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
108		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	5	42	6	40	6253	600	21	33	...	22	33	24	48	330	79	24	1,015	603	...	214	...	...	...	214	...	72.42	...
		Grand Total ...	...	...	312	267	199	177	39,201	27,121	443	369	...	447	296	305	207	1,661	1,026	196	2,883	1,396	1,411	13,357	5,726	4,181	1,115	1,283	2,398	2,984	...

B. D. POLICE.

3. *Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of poisonous or stupefying drugs for criminal purposes, and other professional crimes in the Province of Oudh during the year 1880.*

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.							Comparative Return.												Remarks.
												Number of Persons arrested.			Brought to Trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen			Property recovered.		
	Remained under inquiry from previous year, and for which no sanction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Reported within the year.	Cases under columns 3 and 4 in which the trials ended within the year.	Cases under columns 3, and 4, in which cases were brought to trial up to close of year.	Persons returned for trial in cases in columns 3 and 4.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under Trial.	Number returned for trial at close of the year.	1879	1879	1880	1879	1879	1880	1879	1879	1880	1879	1879	1880	1879	1879	1880	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18
												N.S.														

4. *Statement of additional Police collected for the protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure in the Cosey Province during the year 1880.*

Table I.—Additional Police collected for the protection of Persons and Property.

Table II.—Additional Police quartered on a punitive measure.

Districts.	Name of Mahal or places of which additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of time so employed.	Estimated number of persons employed.	Strength of Police usually formed on the place.		Detached from the regular Force.		Specially enrolled for the purpose.		Total cost under a Heads 9 and 10.		Number of offences against persons or property during such quarterly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police during the period of occupation.	Period for which quartered.	Number of days quartered per mensem. (As a fraction of a month is counted as a full month.)	Remarks.
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To land or other lands.	Investigated by the Police.	In which the culprits are convicted.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1. Fatehabad Taluk	Hayatnagar Mahal	...	27,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Rajgarhat Taluk	Lurgaon ...	...	8,400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Mahadeopur	Mahadeopur ...	...	8,400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Virampachapur	do ...	...	8,960	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	53,760	9	82	...	...	...	...	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

H. D. POLICE.

5. *Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment of Police in the Province of Cleery during the year* 1880.

District.	Sanctioned Strength and the Increase thereof.	Strength of Mounted Police, Cantonment & Town Police, and Municipal and Water Police, and Reductions made in each from Imperial Revenue.	Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, and Reductions made from Imperial Revenue.	Cost of Police.						Distribution of Force.						Number of Police Officers per 1000.	
										In Districts.							
										Guards at Treasuries, Courts and Subsidiary Jails.		Escorts over Lock-ups and Prisoners or at stations by Prisoners and Treasure.		On other Duties.		To Area.	To Population.

II. D. POLICE.

7. *Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police in the Ceory Province during the year 1880.*

| District. | Race. | | | | | | | | | | | Religion or Caste. | | | | | | | | | | |

II. E. MILITARY.

1. *Statement showing the Strength, Cost, and other Particulars of the Army attached to the Province of Coorg in the year 1880—81.*

Arm of Service.	Total Number of Fighting Officers and Men.			Detail of Force at the end of year.						Average Annual Pay and Allowances of each—				
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Detail.		No. of Officers, Pensioners, Reservists, &c.		No. of Men.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Grey Riflemen.
		Received this year.	Transferred, Deserted, Discharged, Invalided, Dismissed, Died, &c.	Remaining at the end of year.	Total.	Pensioners, Reservists, Volunteers, &c.	Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.					
Headquarters and Wing 41st Regiment, Native Infantry.	462	36	—	463	—	—	3	4	37	388	38	Rs. 9,256—10—0	Rs. 744—5—10	Rs. 337—2—2	Rs. 214—5—10	Rs. 54—14—3	Rs. 1,978—7—6
												Headquarters and Wing Staff.					Total Cost including Contingencies.

2. *Statement showing Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Coorg in the year 1880—81.*

Arm of Service.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.					
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, and Detachments.	Number of Companies, Troops, Guns, or Detachments employed.	Number of sick and invalids employed.	Average Number of Men on Sick List daily.		Average Number of Men of Head-quarter Men, or such Men from each Regiment, Battery, &c., who would be employed in Regimental Duties, &c., but are for the time employed on Extra Service.		Average number of days spent by each Man not on Active Service.		Average number of days spent by each Man not on Active Service.		Number of Days and of Nights during which Troops were encamped.	Average number of days Guns, Carriages, Waggons, &c., were employed.
				On duty.	Off duty.	On duty.	Off duty.	On duty.	Off duty.	With Troops on Camp and on duty.	On Furlough.		
Headquarters and Wing 41st Regiment, Native Infantry.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.	21	805	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.	40	324	Nos.	9	36	22

3. *Statement showing Religion, Race and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Coorg on the last day of the year 1880—81.*

Classification according to Religion, Race, &c.		Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
According to Religion.		No.			
	Mahomedans	141			
	Hindus other Caste	403			
	Christians	40			
According to Race and Caste.	Hindustani	18			
	Pure Malayalim castes	57			
	Tuluvas	144			
	Kanarese	85			
	Malabar country	120			
	Moplahs	140			
	Beriawas and Tuppal	11			
	Mahomedan	3			
	Gaudu	110			
	Idaiker	69			
	Other Castes	45			
	Christians	40			
	General Average	23	5 Feet 7 Inches.	10 Stones.	

B. F. MARINE.

1. *Statement showing the Strength and other Particulars of the Marine Force for the year* 1880-81.

Area of Service.	Total Number of fighting Officers and Men.								Detail of Force at the end of the year.						Average Annual Pay and Allowances of each							
	Remaining at end of last year.	Received this year.	Total.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at end of this year.	Number of Ships.	No. of Guns.	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid Non-Combatants.	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid Non-Combatants.	Total Cost, including Gratuities.
			As Adults.	Otherwise.	Total.																	
Bd.																						

2. *Statement showing the Religion, Races and Classes of Natives Officers and Men of the Marine Force.*

Classification according to Religion, Race, &c.	Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Caste and Race.
	Nil.			

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

1. *Account of the Gross and Net Revenue of Coorg for the year 1880—81.*

Sources of Revenue.	Gross Receipts.		Refunds and Disbursements.		Charges against Income.								Total.		Net Receipts.		Deficit.	
					Charges of collection, including pay and cost of establishments employed in revenue works.		All (Interest) under receipts. Pensions and other Deductions.		Allowances to Inamdars and Village Officers and Charges on account of Salt Cesses.									
	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.			Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.
Land Revenue	5,55,220	6 7	1,099	7 3	57,078	7 0	7,092	14 11	13,750	15 0			79,021	15 0	4,75,441	10 1		
Forest ...	67,464	9 11			16,760	0 0							16,760	0 0	50,696	9 11		
Excise on spirits and drugs ...	1,46,102	8 9			3,240	0 0							3,240	0 0	1,42,854	8 11		
Total ...	5,67,782	5 7	1,099	7 3	1,16,989	7 0	7,092	14 11	13,750	15 0			1,99,020	15 0	4,67,432	5 11		
Stamps.	Judicial	53,866	12 11	725	8 0	375	2 10								900	13 10	52,965	7 1		
	Court Fee stamps	41,909	2 6	93	12 0	674	12 6								947	12 6	40,961	9 6		
Law and Justice.	Judicial	3,745	6 11	372	0 0										372	0 0	3,373	6 11		
	Miscellaneous	992	13 7	...													992	13 7
	Interest	137	14 1	...													137	14 1
Miscellaneous ...		3,477	12 6	52	12 9										52	12 9	3,424	14 9
Land, sales and taxes		13,102	11 6	...													13,102	11 6
Jails		2,474	1 9	...													2,474	1 9
Registration		3,000	8 0	10	0 0	1,571	13 11								1,581	13 11	1,418	2 1
Tolls		849	12 0	...													849	12 0
Education		1,946	14 0	...													1,946	14 0
Medical		...		...													...	
Printing		...		...													...	
Miscellaneous		1	15 0	...													1	15 0
Public Works ...		598	11 9	...													598	11 9
Arms Collections ...		...		...													...	
Postage and Service Letters ...		13,919	10 4	...		7,084	4 10								7,084	4 10	6,835	5 6
Public Works.	Railroads	30,394	13 6	...		...									...		30,394	13 6
	Roads, &c.	501	7 8	...		...									...		501	7 8
	Misl.	3,696	12 5	...		...									...		3,696	12 5
Military Refund ...		4,727	1 6	...		...									...		4,727	1 6
Electric Telegraph ...		3,824	8 0	...		43,362	9 2								17,562	9 2	47,343	8 0
Grand Total ...	7,42,253	7 1	1,099	7 3	3,40,951	8 0	7,092	14 11	13,750	15 0			3,64,044	15 0	3,78,208	9 1		
Imperial Municipal Funds ...	14,213	3 3	20	12 0	790	10 3									811	6 3	13,401	13 0
Local Fund ...	21,134	9 8	9	3 0	482	7 0									491	10 0	20,642	8 8
Total Local ...	35,347	8 5	29	15 0	1,273	1 3									1,303	0 3	34,044	0 11
Gross Receipts ...	7,77,601	15 6	1,719	8 3	1,41,917	9 3	7,092	14 11	13,750	15 0			3,64,044	15 0	3,79,511	9 4	8,081	1 2

Net ... 3,79,511 9 4

N. B.—Rs. 1,099—5—0 granted annually for the support of horses.
Rs. 1,000—0—0 granted to headmen of villages for collecting revenue.

} Not being included in receipts are not shown here.

III. A. FINANCE.

2. *Accounts of Expenditure from Net Income of the Province of Coorg for the year 1880—81.*

		Amount last year.	Amount present year.
Civil and Political Establishment and Contingencies	... ...	36,859 12 3	37,186 13 0
Judicial charges	Courts	28,455 4 2	28,893 15 6
	Prisons		
Police Charge	... ...	8,845 10 6	8,982 10 5
Military ...	... ...	7,18,755 7 6	1,05,220 11 0
Debt	Post Office	4,150 2 5	4,181 1 2
Do	Electric Telegraph ...	5,036 7 10	4,947 11 7
Superannuation and Retired Allowances ...		1,346 0 0	1,328 8 0
Ecclesiastical	... ...		
Public Works	Civil, New	1,10,305 15 6	1,10,641 6 9
	Do Repairs ...		
	Military, New ...		
	Do Repairs ...		
Education ...	... ...	27,376 7 0	27,376 5 3
Miscellaneous	... ...	5,402 10 5	809 0 2
	Total Imperial ...	3,51,380 13 0	3,45,564 0 11
	Local.		
District funds	... ...	7,480 10 0	34,023 3 11
Other Expenditure	... ...	12,666 13 11	10,549 0 11
Taxes	... ...		
Other Municipal Expenditure	... ...	24,172 13 11	16,372 4 2
	Total Local ...	44,320 7 10	60,944 8 1
	Grand Total ...	4,00,644 4 10	4,53,494 5 0
	Surplus	... ...	2,06,941 12 0

3. *Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries of the Province of Coorg for the year 1880—81.*

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
Cash balance of last year	4,59,327 1 6		
Net revenue as per Statement No. 1 deducting Rs. 1,302—8—3 being sale proceeds of waste lands separately shown	8,26,500 0 0	Expenditure as per Statements Nos. 1 and 2 ...	3,77,610 1 6
Receipts on account of Loans and Railways ...		Loans, Railways and Interests	2,866 4 11
Do Service Funds		Advances	788 0 0
Repayment of advances	320 2 11		
Deposits	69,564 7 9	Repayments of Deposits	61,648 0 9
Price Money			
Sale of waste lands	1,302 8 3	Bills of other Treasuries paid	44,057 4 1
Bills drawn on other Treasuries ...	1,25,360 2 7		
Remittances from other Treasuries ...	2,50,000 0 0	Remittance to State Treasuries	4,00,000 0 0
Penalty Stamps	1 0 0		
Add advances deducted as per Statement No. 1.	1,37,366 14 6		
Total ...	19,06,290 12 9		
		Total ...	11,41,010 12 2
Disbursements ...	11,41,010 12 2		
Cash balance at the end of the year ...	7,74,920 0 7		

Statement showing Particulars of the Public Works Expenditure shown in Finance Statement No. 2 for the year 1880—81.

Month.		Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
April	1880	By Cheques	9,980 2 0	
		Value of timber supplied by Forest Department	237 2 0	9,980 4 0
May	do	By Cheques	13,251 7 11	
		Value of timber	76 5 0	13,251 12 11
June	do	By Cheques	13,24,10,10	
		Value of timber	10-12-0	13,25,10 10
July	do	By Cheques	8,16,2 7 3	
		Value of timber	2 0 0	8,16,2 7 3
August	do	By Cheques	12,20-13 1	12,33,13 10 1
September	do	Do	11,08 13 0	
		Value of timber	1,00 0 0	11,09,13 0
October	do	By Cheques	14,01 0 9	
		Value of timber	4 00 0 0	15,00 0 9
November	do	By Cheques	10,00 0 0	
		Value of timber	301 14 0	11,31 14 0
December	do	By Cheques	11,07 4 9	
		Value of timber	0 0 0	11,07 4 9
January	1881	By Cheques	13,08 12 11	
		Value of timber	00 0 0	14,21 2 11
February	do	By Cheques	18,00 13 9	18,00 13 9
March	do	Do	21,00 0 0	
		Value of timber	1-4 0 7	22,21 0 7
			Total ...	1,10,64 6 9
Debits out of District Fund works carried out by D. P. W. but shown under Local Funds ...			... ...	43,00 0 0
Shown in Finance Statement No. 2 as Public Works Expenditure ...			... ...	1,53,64 6 9

III. A. FINANCE.

1. *Statement showing the Gross and Net Revenue of General and Court Fee Stamps, for the year 1880—81.*

Description.	Gross Revenue.	Expenditure.					Net Revenue.
		Charges for Stamps, Dies, &c., as Table I.	Discount and Commission on Sales of Stamps.	Expenditure on account of Stamps lost, Destroyed, Spoiled or Unused.	Charged to Gen. Revenue.	Total.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Other General Stamps.							
General Stamps	20,858 7 6	...	...	625 0 0	625 0 0	19,879 7 6
Cop upon stamps for receipts and cheques	218 0 0	...	...	61 0 0	61 0 0	157 0 0
Bills of exchange or Hundis	1,102 7 6	...	...	...	...	1,102 7 6
Court fee stamps	4,205 0 0	...	...	314 0 0	314 0 0	3,891 0 0
Total ...	26,385 15 0	...	...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	25,384 15 0

III. B. PUBLIC WORKS.

1. *Statement showing the Expenditure of Money in the Public Works Department in the Province of Coorg in the year 1880—81.*

Class of Works.	Total Expenditure including Establishment.						
	Capital spent on works yielding Income.	Maintenance of works yielding Income.	Capital spent on new and Extra works not yielding Income.	Maintenance of works not yielding Income.	Total.	Cost of Establishment.	Tools and Plant.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
CIVIL.							
1. Roads	...	...	...	27,561	34,339		
2. Bridges	...	...	...	7,439	447		
3. Canals and Tanks	...	...	...	...	...		
4. Public Buildings	...	...	...	21,047	4,675		
5. Sanitation	...	...	...	...	...		
6. Improper Lodges	...	...	...	...	799		
7. Protective Embankments ...	...	...	...	...	2		
8. Minor Civil Works	...	...	...	...	409		
9. Minor Civil Communications ...	...	...	...	...	202		
Total ...	...	...	...	56,051	40,432	10,319	3,719
MILITARY.							
1. Barrack Buildings	...	...	...	...	...		
2. Fortifications	...	...	...	116	...		
3. Other Works and Buildings ...	...	...	1,484	459	2,057		
4. Other Military purposes ...	...	...	...	58	3		
5. Cantonments	...	...	...	...	...		
Total ...	...	...	1,484	633	2,060	1,931	...
DEPOSITS BEING.							
1. Civil Buildings	...	...	...	3,869	...		
2. Roads, Bridges, &c.	...	...	...	3,805	13,447		
Total ...	...	...	...	7,674	13,447	21,121	2,160	152
CIVIL WORKS.							
1. Buildings, petty Construction and Repair ...	...	...	...	320	2,427	2,747	...	...
Grand Total Rupees ...	...	...	1,484	56,978	81,366	132,827	10,319	3,719
							146,771

* These figures do not include cost of Divisions and Account which has not been communicated to this office up to date.

III. C. RAILWAYS, 1880—81.

Name of Work.	Miles opened during the year.	Total Miles opened.	Passengers during the year.					Aggregate Receipts from Passengers.	Aggregate Receipts from Minerals.	Miscellaneous Receipts.	Total Agg. receipts from all sources.	Working Expenses, exclusive of Rent, Taxes, &c.	Net Earnings.	Amount of Interest due on Capital.	Amount of Interest due on Loans.	Total Capital Expenditure.
			1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Deck Class.	Total.									
						NIL.										

III. B.—MARINE.

1. *Statement showing the Government Ships and Vessels employed during the year 1880—81.*

Detail of Vessels.	Tonnage of each Vessel and Horse-power of each Engine, if a Steamer.	Number of Officers.	Number of Men.	Total Annual Cost.	Total Annual Income of the Vessel.	Remarks (showing the nature of the duties on which each Vessel was employed.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sea-going Vessels —						
River-going Vessels —						
All other Craft, Boats, &c. —			361.			

2. *Statement showing the Number of Officers and Men employed otherwise than in Government Vessels, 1880—81.*

Description of Establishment.	Number of Officers.	Number of Men.	Total Annual Cost.	Total Annual Earnings.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintending Establishment —					
Transport Establishment —					
Pilot Establishment —					
Contractors employed —					
Chartered Hire —					
Licensed —					
Any other Establishment —					
		7	361.		

III. E. AGRICULTURE.

1. *Crops cultivated in Acres, actual or approximate, for the year 1880—81.*

Name of District.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other food grains.	Oil-seeds.	Sugarcane.	Cotton.	Cocoa.	Indigo.	Pepper.	Tobacco.	Betel.	Vegetables.	Cardamoms.	Orchards.
Cheng ... —	72,263	205.	1,427	Ground-nuts 2 acres; sesamum 1 acre; castor-oil seeds, 1 acre.	Planted in river beds, 1,000 acres; on hill-sides, annually 500 acres.	205.	2.	32.	Cocoanuts, 400 in full bearing.	5.	1,000 pieces in areca-nut plantations.	49,000	275.	25.
												Houses and vegetable and orchards.		

2. *Stock for the year 1880—81.*

District.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Cats.	Fowls.	Ducks.	Remarks.
Cheng ... —	101,183	161	400	318	8,333	11,033	368	37,455	17	

III. E. AGRICULTURE.

3. *Rates of Rent and Produce for the year 1880–81.*

Districts.	Average Rent per Acre, for land suited for— Rice.	Wheat.	Inferior grain.	Jowári.	Cotton.	Castor.	Linseed.	Oil seed.	Sesamum.	Tobacco.	Average Produce of Land per Acre in lbs. Rice.	Wheat.	Inferior grain.	Sugar.	Cotton.	Castor.	Linseed.	Oil seed.	Sesamum.	Tobacco.	Cattle.
Coorg.																					
Mádikeri	3 3 6	—	1 14 0	—	3 0 0						833	950	833	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	203
Mercara	1 10 6	—	0 9 6	—	1 2 0																

III. F. PRICES OF PRODUCE AND LABOR.

1. *Produce for the year 1880–81.*

Districts.	Prices of Produce per measure of 80 lbs. Rice.	Wheat.	Linseed.	Cotton.	Sugar.	Salt.	Coffee.	Cardamoms.	Plough bullocks, each.	Sheep, each.	Fish, per lb.	Iron, per cwt.
Coorg	2 12 3	4 12 0	—	28 0 0	17 0 0	4 4 0	221 0 0	370 0 0	Price Rs. 10 to 24, 40.	Price Rs. 2 8 0 to Rs. 6.	0 2 0	14 0 0

2. *Labor for the year 1880–81.*

Districts.	Wages per diem. Male.	Female.	Cost per day.	Coconut per day.	Donkey per day.	Hand per day.
Coorg	1 0 0	0 4 0	1 12 0	—	—	—

III. G. MINES AND QUARRIES, 1880–81.

Districts.	Mineral Product.	Number of Mines.	Annual Produce.	Remarks.
Coorg	—	Nil.		Two applications have been received for prospecting for gold in Ponnampet Hobli, but operations have not commenced.

III. B. MANUFACTURES, 1880—81.

		Class of Manufacture.											
		Silk.	Cotton.	Wool, Alpaca, Hair.	Tea and Tea gardens.	Wood.	Jute.	Drugs & Carpets.	Building.	Indigo.	Indiarubber.	Cinchona.
Number of mills and large manufactories	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Private houses and small works	...	...	132	4	72	72	99	14	91	309	93	23
Number of workmen in large works	{ Males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Number of workmen in small works or independent Artisans		...	325	4	320	150	107	28	180	183	186	52
Number of European Superintendents in large works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Value of block in	do	...	...	...	23,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Estimated annual out-turn of all works	...	...	900	120	40,000	25,000	50,000	7,000	7,000	27,000	25,000	10,000

III. 1. TRADE.

1. *Imports*, 1880—81.

Major Head.				Quantity.	Value.			Place from which imported.
Agricultural Implements	...	...	...	...	8,981	0	0	Bangalore, Tellicherry, Madras.
Animals living	...	...	...	No.	13,459	40,486	0	0 Mysore.
Apparel including Haberdashery and Millinery	...	...	...	...	...	6,000	0	0 Madras and Bombay.
Arms and Ammunition including Military Accoutrements	...	...	...	...	...	900	0	0 Do
Books and Stationery including maps and charts	...	...	...	...	...	3,000	0	0 Bangalore, Bangalore and Madras.
Bullion and printed matter including Coin	...	...	...	...	...	10,000	0	0 Bangalore and Tellicherry.
Building and Engineering materials	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	0	0 Madras.
Chemicals	...	...	...	Cwts.	58	2,000	0	0 Madras.
Coir manufactured and unmanufactured	...	...	...	Cwts.	724	12,400	0	0 Tellicherry and Mangalore.
Cotton	...	...	...	Cwts.	230	7,000	0	0 Mysore and Madras.
Curiosities, place goods	...	...	...	Value.	300	100,000	0	0 Bombay, Madras, Madras, Bellary and Mysore.
Drugs and other medicines	...	...	...	Cwts.	1,424	17,000	0	0 Mysore and Mangalore.
Dyes and coloring materials	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	0	0 Madras.
Earthenware	...	...	...	...	...	500	0	0 Mysore.
Fish manufactures including eggs	...	...	...	...	...	13,222	0	0 Madras and Calicutta.
Fruits and vegetables	...	...	...	...	...	19,000	0	0 Bellary, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Glass and Glass ware	...	...	...	...	...	4,851	0	0 Mysore and Bombay.
Grain and pulse	...	...	...	...	...	601	0	0 Mysore.
Hardware and Cutlery	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	0	0 Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Hardware and Cutlery	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	0	0 Madras, Mysore and Mangalore.
Leather and manufactures of	...	...	...	...	...	98,527	0	0 Madras and Mysore.
Liquors	...	...	...	Gallons.	14,700	5,000	0	0 Madras.
Machinery and mill works	...	...	...	...	...	21,000	0	0 Madras, Mysore and Mangalore.
Metals	...	...	...	Cwts.	...	81,000	0	0 Madras, Mysore and Tellicherry.
Oils	...	...	...	Cwts.	8,755	65,807	0	0 Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Opium	...	...	...	...	...	9,000	0	0 Mysore, Madras, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Paper and pasteboards	...	...	...	...	...	...		Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
				Cwts.	79,371	4,00,710	0	0 Mangalore.
Provisions	...	...	...	Number.	8,075	...		
Salt	...	...	...	Cwts.	10,813	1,30,000	0	0 Bombay and Madras.
Silk	...	...	...	Rolls.	3	5,000	0	0 Madras and Mysore.
Spices	...	...	...	Cwts.	2,810	56,019	0	0 Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Sugar	...	...	...	Cwts.	5,300	23,750	0	0 Mysore and Tellicherry.
Sugar and other saccharine produce	...	...	...	Cwts.	871	25,272	0	0 Bombay, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Tobacco	...	...	...	...	...	2,810	0	0 Bellary.
Umbrellas	...	...	...	...	...	10,144	0	0 Mysore, Madras and Mangalore.
Wood and Timber and wood-ware, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	21,345	0	0 Tellicherry, Madras.
Wool and Woollen manufactures including Camblets	...	...	...	...	...	77,246	0	0 Mysore, Madras, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Sundries	...	...	...	...	...	3,35,471	0	0 Madras and Bangalore.
Treasure	...	...	...	...	...	8,500	0	0
Government Stores	...	...	...	...	...	...		
				Total	...	19,18,563	0	0

2. *Exports*.

Major Head.				Quantity.	Value.			To which exported.
Coffee	...	...	...	Cwts.	67,980	20,39,400	0	0 Bangalore, Tellicherry, Bangalore, Madras.
Drugs	...	...	...	...	...	5,000	0	0 Bangalore and Bangalore.
Dyes	...	...	...	...	...	12,442	0	0 Bangalore and Mysore.
Fruits	...	...	...	Cwts.	41,769	95,827	0	0 Tellicherry and other places in Madras, Mysore.
Grain and pulse	...	...	...	...	...	9,000	0	0 Mysore and Tellicherry.
Hides and horns	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	0	0 Mysore.
Ghee	...	...	...	Measure.	300	...		
Jaggery	...	...	...	Cwts.	...	...		
Spices	...	...	...	Cwts.	421	1,05,250	0	0 Bangalore, Tellicherry and Mysore.
Sugar	...	...	...	...	1	20	0	0 Mysore.
Tobacco	...	...	...	...	...	800	0	0 Mysore.
Wax	...	...	...	...	...	44,016	0	0 Mysore and Bangalore.
Wood	...	...	...	...	...	4,00,000	0	0 Madras.
Treasure	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Government Stores	...	...	...	...	...	...		
				Total	...	27,73,115	0	0

III. K. COINAGE AND CURRENCY.

1. *Coinage, 1880—81.*

Bullion and Silver Coins imported during the year in Rs.				Coins during the year.								Estimated Value of Coins in circulation			
Gold.		Silver.		Copper.		Gold Mohurs. Number.	Gold Mohurs. Value.	Rupees. Number.	Rupees. Value.	Quarter Rupees. Number.	Quarter Rupees. Value.	Total Value.	Percentage of Coinage to Circulation.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.
By Sea.	By Land.	By Sea.	By Land.	By Sea.	By Land.									Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
...	...	5,000	10,000	20,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,000	4,000	6,00,000	15,000

2. *Paper Currency, 1880—81.*

Notes in circulation at the beginning of the year.					In circulation at end of the year.			Reserve at end of the year stated in Rupees.			
								Coin.		Bullion.	
Small Notes under Rs. 10.	Notes of Rs. 10 and under Rs. 100.	Large Notes of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Total Value of Notes issued during the year.	Total Value of Notes issued during the year.	Small Notes under Rs. 10.	Notes of Rs. 10 and under Rs. 100.	Large Notes of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
5,000	19,000	2,00,000	2,24	1,10,000	10,000	1,00,000	4,00,000	...	...	...	...
	2,000	3,40,000		3,42,000							
		3,40,000		3,42,000							

III. L. CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Charitable Institutions of the Province of Coorg for the year 1880—81.

Class and Value of Institution.	Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Persons daily relieved.	Number relieved in the year.	Income.						In what shape Relief is given.
				Paid by Government.	From Endowment.					
					In Land.	In Money.	Sundry Items.	Voluntary Subscriptions.	Total.	
				Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	
1. Civil Dispensary, Mercara	1	40·01	6,674	2,250—0—0	—	—	100	2,472—8—0	—	1. Medicines and food.
2. Do. Virajendrapet	1	12·03	4,871	1,172—0—0	—	—	—	317—0—0	—	2. Do do
Same as Charities ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Government Institutions—										
Poor House ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4. Food.
Hospital ...	1	8·15	54,130	2,724—10—7	—	—	—	—	—	
Eye Hospital ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
„ Deaf ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
„ Lepers ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Purported by Central Public to relieve poverty—										
Per Office ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
„ Deaf, &c. ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Friends ...	3	4	160	—	16—0—1	—	—	—	1	Lodging.
Indigenous ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Unincorporated ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
All Classes ...	6	25	6,705	—	—	—	—	—	—	Do

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Persons according to Religious Denominations in the Province of Coorg for the year 1880—81.

1	2		3	4	5	6
Denominations.	Number of Persons.		Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total Annual Income from Government.	Remarks.
	Natives.	Others.				
Church of England ...	50	306	1	1	6,000 5 0	
Church of Scotland ...	14	21	—	—	—	
Protestant Dissenters ...	30	30	—	—	—	
Roman Catholic ...	2,117	91	2	4	240 —	
Greek Church ...	—	—	—	—	—	
Armenian ...	—	—	—	—	—	
Syrian ...	—	—	—	—	—	
Jew ...	—	—	—	—	—	(a) In Cash Rs. 13,728—12—2
Basel Evangelical Mission Society ...	136	2	2	3	—	Endowment— Cash 900—5—0
Pass ...	21	—	—	—	—	Land 6,358—3—3
						24,[illegible]—7—5
Hindu ...	182,469	—	697	1,228	(a) 24,275 7 5	
Mahomedan ...	12,541	—	13	16	(b) 54 6 0	(b) Land 28—6—0 Cash 16—6—0
Jain ...	92	—	3	1	42 10 0	24—6—0
Total ...	177,787	515	720	1,248	30,[illegible] 10 0	

B. EDUCATION.

1. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars in the Province of Coorg for the official year 1880—81.*

Area and Population of the Province.				Colleges, Schools and Scholars.		Government Education.	Secondary Education.		Primary Education.	Special or Technical Education.						Percentage of Schools and Scholars to Population.			
Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars.	Total Area.	Cultivated Area.	Total Population.		Colleges.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	Schools of Art.	Medical Schools.	Engineering Schools.	Normal Schools.	Industrial Schools.	Other Schools.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	Scholars.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11a	11b	11c	11d	11e	11f	12	13	14	15
4	...	1,072	189	158,313	Institutions — For Male ...	...	1	1	55	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	·03
					Institutions — For Female ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					Total ...	...	1	1	55	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	·03
					Scholars — Male ...	...	31	92	2,845	...	...	...	6	...	...	·03	·03	1·95	
					Scholars — Female ...	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
					Total ...	...	31	92	2,843	...	...	...	6	...	...	·03	·03	1·97	

IV. B. EDUCATION.

2. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars in the Province of Coorg for the official year 1880—81.*

Class of Institutions	Government Institutions.						Aided Institutions.						Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March learning—		Classification according to race or creed of the Scholars on 31st March.				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average Number on the Rolls during the Year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning—		Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average Number on the Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning—				English.	A Vernacular Language.	European and Eurasian.	Native Christian.	Hindu.	Mahomedan.	Others.
					English.	A Vernacular Language.					English.	A Vernacular Language.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
For Males. High and Middle Schools.																					
For Boys. High Schools ... English ... Canarese	1	58	45	33	31	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	51	31	31	...	...	31	...	...
Middle do ... English ... Vernacular	1	80	60	60	27	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	92	27	27	...	...	27	...	...
For Girls. High Schools ... English ... Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle do ... English ... Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Primary Education. For Boys ... English ... Vernacular	47	2,251	1,778	1,722	373	2,251	6	249	197	175	...	249	53	2,500	373	2,251	249	4	2,174	72	1
For Girls ... English ... Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	30	29	23	...	30	1	30	...	30	...	...	30	...	...
Schools for Special or Technical Training.																					
Normal School for Masters ...	1	8	7	7	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	8	...	...	8	...	...
Total....	50	2,397	2,090	1,855	444	2,317	7	279	226	198	...	279	57	2,676	444	2,317	249	4	2,270	72	1

3. *Return of Expenditure on Educational Establishments in the Province of Cavy for the official year 1880—81.*

Class of Institution.	Expenditure.											Average Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				Remarks.
	Government Institutions.				Aided Institutions.				Total Government Expenditure.	Total Expenditure from other sources.	Total of Total Expenditure.	Percentage of Total Expenditure.	Government Institutions.		Aided Institutions.	
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Fees.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Fees.	Other Sources.	Total.					Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	
1	2a	2b	2c	2	3a	3b	3c	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
High and Middle Schools.																	
Secondary Education — For Boys — English	6,079	...	1,193	6,079	...	...	...	...	6,079	...	6,079	23·05	46 12 2	38 0 0			
Secondary Education — For Boys — Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
For Girls — English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
For Girls — Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Primary Schools.																	
Primary Education — For Boys — English	3,091	...	775	3,091	192	27	108	309	3,291	3,809	7,100	26·87	11 12 8	6 1 5			
Primary Education — For Boys — Vernacular	...	5,294	58	5,294	...	...	...	...	5,294	3,194	8,488	32 13	1 0 7	0 3 4	4 0 0		
For Girls — English	...	...	...	...	120	...	100	220	120	100	220	0·83	+	...	7 10 0	4 4 7	
For Girls — Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Schools for Special or Technical Training.																	
Normal School for Masters	815	...	...	815	...	...	...	...	815	...	815	3·84	119 4 8	119 4 8			
Training School	1,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	1,000	3·78					
Direction (Travelling Allowance)	267	...	...	267	...	...	...	...	267	...	267	1·01					
Inspection	3,800	504	...	4,304	...	...	...	...	3,800	...	3,800	14·37					
Scholarships — Colleges	120	...	...	120	...	...	...	...	120	...	120	0·45					
Scholarships — Schools	840	420	...	840	...	...	...	...	840	...	840	3·18					
Buildings	420	140	...	420	...	...	...	...	420	...	420	1·59					
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
Total	16,762	6,148	1,851	23,024	312	27	208	529	21,246	3,303	26,549	...					

IV. B. EDUCATION.

4. *Return showing the Result of prescribed Examinations in the Province of Coorg during the official year 1880—81.*

Nature of Examinations.	Number of Institutions sent up for examination.		Number of Examinees.		Number passed.		Percentage of passed although not total number on rolls at beginning of the year.
	Government Institutions.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Total.	Government Institutions.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Matriculation	1	1	9	9	7	7	77
Middle School Examination { Boys ...	1	1	...	...	25	25	25
Girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Primary School Examination { Boys ...	1	1	...	...	27	27	...
Girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lower Primary School Examination { Boys ...	30	50	...	...	330	330	...
Girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

IV. C. SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY SOCIETIES.

1. *Annual Return on the Province of Coorg for the year 1880—81.*

Name.	Objects.	Income.				Members or Visitors.				Expenditure during the year.	When established.	
		From Government.	From friends.	Subscriptions.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Juvenile.	Total.			
Mercara Book Club ...	To supply the intellectual wants of the European Community ...	...	...	Rs. 120	Rs. 120	27	...	...	27	2414		Mercara is a Station for Europeans and Eurasians. The Club is well supported.

THE PRESS.

2. *Annual Return on the Province of Coorg for the year 1880—81.*

1	2	3	4	
			Publication issued.	
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	News papers.	Periodicals.
Coorg ...	Mercara Jail Press.	Government.	Nil	

V. STATISTICS OF LIFE.

A. BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES.

1. *Return showing Births, Deaths and Marriages among the Population of any place or in any class in respect of which particulars may have been ascertained during the year, and the average age at which death occurred.*

Name or Class.	Population of place or Name of Class.	Number of Marriages during the year.	Number of Births during the year.	Number of deaths during the year.	Average age at time of death.
Malabarpet	8,548	58	99	79	31
Virajpettapet	3,413	13	59	103	39
Kodlipet	1,345	22	18	32	37
Suntawanna	655	10	12	13	34
Somwarpet	1,926	17	15	18	33
Fraserpet	1,822	13	21	23	31
... ...	Total.....	10,709	133	153	403	...

I. B. DISPENSARIES.

1. *Statement showing the Number of Dispensaries in the Province of Coorg during the year 1880.*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Population of the Province.	Dispensaries.	Number open on 31st December 1879.	Number opened during the year.	Number closed during the year.	Number open on the last day of the year.	Remarks.
188,312	1st Class	...	...	...	...	
	2nd "	2	...	...	2	
	3rd "	...	...	...	...	

2. *Statement showing the Number of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Dispensaries of the Province of Coorg during the year 1880.*

1	2	3	4												5				6
			In-door Patients.												Out-door Patients.				
			a.	b.	c.	d.	e.	f.	g.		h.				a.	b.	c.	d.	
									Number of beds available.		Daily average number.				Number treated.				
Name of District.	Name of Dispensary.	Of what Class.	Total treated during the year.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Total.	Rate of deaths per cent of total treated.	Male.	Female.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Attended personally.	Represented by friends.	Total treated.	Average daily attendance.	Total Number of Patients treated both In-door and Out-door.
Coorg	Civil Dispensary, Mercara	2-3	209	225	18	1	53	13·47	12	4	17·02	7·65	2·91	27·57	5,409	1,327	6,734	62·17	7,059
	Do Vinayakadragas	3	204	250	...	...	58	19·04	8	9	9·54	2·81	·4	8·78	4,581	40	4,598	40·01	4,639
	Total.....		613	475	18	1	176	19·20	20	13	19·58	10·21	3·62	30·76	9,990	1,366	10,342	110·18	11,434

5. *Statement, showing the Diseases of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Dispensaries of the Province of Coorg during the year 1880.*

1	2	3																																4	5	
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Diseases.																																Total Number of In-door and Out-door Patients treated in each Dispensary.	Operations.	
		General Diseases.												Local Diseases.																						
		Order A, Febrile or Specific Diseases.			Order B, Constitutional Diseases.									Order C, Local Diseases.																							Major.	Minor.
		Small-pox.	Cholera.	Malarious fevers, ague and remittents.	Other forms of Continued fever.	Rheumatic affections.	Syphilitic affections.	Scrofula.	Anæmia.	Leprosy.	Phthisis.	Dropsy.	Other forms of Cachexia.	Opthalmia.	Inflammation of the external eye.	Caries.	Inflammatory affections.	Heart disease.	Pneumony.	Diarrhœa.	Dysentery.	Hæmorrhoids.	Worms.	Liver Disorders.	Spleen Diseases.	Guinea-worm and its complications.	Abscess, boils and whitlows.	Skin Diseases.	Ulcers.	Ulcers, gangrene, sloughs, and sinuses.	Other Local Diseases.	Debility not classified.	Poisons and poisoned wounds.	Injuries.			
1	Civil Dispensary, Mercara.	1	...	1,774	61	152	126	3	24	...	1	18	10	23	...	621	...	211	207	291	6	183	56	22	605	980	12	2,903	76	20	204	7,719	3	312
2	,, Virajpet.	3	...	1,238	28	60	107	...	24	...	2	10	21	21	...	275	...	158	109	276	12	83	84	65	109	175	...	719	12	...	115	4,703	...	...
	Total...	4	...	3,012	89	212	233	3	48	...	3	28	31	44	...	896	...	369	316	567	18	266	140	87	714	1,155	12	3,622	88	20	319	12,422	3	312

5a. *Statement showing the Result of the Major Surgical Operations performed in the Dispensaries of the Province of Coorg for the year 1880.*

Nature of Operation.	Remain by on 31st December.	Performed during the year.	Total.	Results.				Remaining under treatment.	Remarks.
				Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.		
Amputation of left forefinger	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	By Dr. Robinson.
Exfoliation of tibia (sequestrum) about the size of a large cocoanut situated near the left malleolus ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Dr. do.
Operation for ulcer (Sloughy) edges pared and joined by handy plan ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Dr. do.
Total...	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	

X. B. DISPENSARIES.

4. Statement showing the Classified Scores of the Indoor and Out-door Patients treated in the Dispensaries of the Province of Coorg during the year 1880.

| No. | Name of Dispensaries. | Total number treated during the year. | | | Class 1. | | Class 2. | | Class 3. | | Class 4. | | Class 5. | | Class 6. | | Class 7. | | Class 8. | | Class 9. | | Class 10. | | Class

6. *Return showing the Diseases treated and the Deaths from each Class of Disease in the Civil Dispensaries and Hospitals in the Province of Orissa for the year 1880.*

| | Number of cases of each Disease treated. | | |

V. C. VACCINATION.

1. *Statement showing Particulars of Vaccination in the District of Coorg during the year 1880—81.*

No.	Circles and Districts.	Population of District according to Census of 1871.	Average Population per square mile.	Average number of Vaccinators employed throughout the year.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination. Successful. Total.	Under 1 year.	One year & upwards.	Total of all ages.	Revaccination. Total.	Unsuccessful.	Percentage of unsuccessful cases. Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average annual number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years. Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	Average annual number of deaths from pure small-pox during previous five years. Number.	Ratio per 1,000.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	Mercara	39,133	131·4	1	M. 603 F. 132 Total. 735	735	917	12	848	929	7	6	20·26	57·14	19·06				
2	Pattalbund	24,750	83·5	1	607	607	743	12	647	742	21	17	18·42	81·03	17·00				
3	Nalknaad	21,742	73·0	1	659	659	824	11	824	835	...	...	0·121	...	17·00	1742·20	57·72	845	499
4	Yedenalknaad	20,153	67·7	1	730	730	824	11	824	835	...	...	0·121	...	17·00				
5	Nanjarayapatna	16,220	54·5	1	885	885	849	10	854	795	...	...	0·0	...	17·00				
6	Fahrenheitpet	10,020	167·4	1	153	153	153	20	20	193	7	6	75·0	85·71	0·0				
7	In all the above six Talukas by the Inspector...			1	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	20	1,000	20	20	80·0	80·0	19·0	1742·20	57·72	845	499
	Total ...	136,313	460·0	6	5,079	903	5,310	91	1,549	5,399	31	29	80·0	80·0	19·0				

2. *Statement showing the Cost of the Department in the District of Coorg during the year 1880—81.*

No.	Circles and Districts.	Establishment. Superintendent.	Establishment of Talukas.	Travelling Superintendent.	Water Expenditure.	Vaccinators. 1st Class.	Vaccinators. 2nd Class.	Contingent and Petty Charges.	Expenditure. Pay of Vaccinators.	Travelling Allowances.	Contingencies.	Total Cost.	Paid from— Imperial Funds.	Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.	Municipalities.	Town Duties.	Value.	Number of all successful vaccinations and revaccinations.	Average cost of each successful case.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
1	Coorg District	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1,019	378	...	Rs. 1,397 0 0	...	Rs. 1,193 0 0	...	...	...	Rs. 1,193 0 0	5,417	0 3 7

3. *Statement showing Dispensary Vaccination in the District of Coorg during the year 1930—31.*

Districts.	Number of Dispensaries in which Vaccinators are stationed.	Number of Dispensaries to which Vaccinators belong for duty.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary vaccination.				Revaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.	
					Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Revaccination.
						Under one year.	One and under 6.	Six and upwards.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
There was no special Vaccinator attached to the two Dispensaries in Coorg.												
The Hospital Assistant attached to the Dispensary does the vaccination when required at the Dispensary	...	...	77	77	77	11	60	16	...	...	85.23	...

There were none vaccinated by the Chief Hospital Assistant Jog Singh.

4. *Comparative Statement showing the Number of Persons primarily vaccinated and the number of those persons who were successfully vaccinated in the District of Coorg in each of the undermentioned official years.*

Establishments.	Primary vaccination.																			
	Total Males.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Females.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Males.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Females.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Males.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Females.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Males.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Females.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Males.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Females.	Number successfully vaccinated.
	Years ending 31st March.																			
	1871—72.		1872—73.		1873—74.		1874—75.		1875—76.		1876—77.		1877—78.		1878—79.		1879—80.		1880—81.	
Government Vaccinators and Inspector	603	408	1,033	1,020	1,004	940	1,178	913	1,101	940	1,022	964	1,103	943	1,207	1,201	1,324	1,016	1,719	1,652
Municipal																				
Local Funds																				
Native States																				
Unvaccinated	153	152	478	467	277	271	144	70	122	118	120	101	144	139	205	196	333	140	77	67
Africa	28	14	16	13	10	4	6	4	6	6	16	12	21	21	17	15	28	20	27	21
Europeans	1,040	809	2,061	1,853	1,234	895	1,208	861	1,205	1,065	1,218	1,075	1,193	941	1,401	1,313	1,557	1,176	1,741	1,701
Natives																				
Total....	1,825	1,383	3,588	3,353	2,525	2,110	2,536	1,848	2,434	2,129	2,376	2,152	2,461	2,044	2,830	2,725	3,242	2,352	3,564	3,441

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